

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXI. NO. 78.

HONOLULU, H. I.: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1896.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1798.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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news dealers

Some veterans of the civil war have
entered suit against the city of Hart-
ford on the ground that the town
promised them \$300 bounty in 1862
which has never been paid them.

HOW COFFEE IS GROWN IN MEXICO.

Exhaustive Report Given by U. S.
Consul General.

INTERESTING HISTORICAL SKETCH

When the Bean Was First Converted Into
Beverage—Mexico Attracting Investors
and Settlers From the United States—Part
One of Valuable Paper on Coffee, Etc.

I am persuaded to prepare this re-
port on Mexican coffee by the large
number of letters I am receiving from
every State in the Union upon that
subject, from persons seeking com-
mercial information, from persons
seeking personal or community infor-
mation, contemplating removal to Mex-
ico, and from persons engaged in the
historical investigation of the bean,
and Mexico in connection with the
bean.

I will attempt, in the first place, to
give a history of the bean from its dis-
covery to the present time, for which
I am largely indebted to a work styled
"Cultivation and Preparation of Coffee,"
by Gabriel Gomez, agricultural en-
gineer of Mexico, who, at the time of its
composition, possibly had as compre-
hensive knowledge of the berry as any
one who ever wrote on the subject. It
is due to the readers to say I never saw
coffee growing until I came to Mexico
in 1893, that I know little of it now,
that I am more of a collector of facts
about it than an originator of ideas.
No one, without practical experience
in growing, cultivating and curing the
bean for market can have reliable in-
formation about it. I have sought this
information from the best sources,
from those engaged in its production,
and present it as it is imparted to me;
second, I shall show how it is culti-
vated in Mexico, in what parts of the
Republic, the kinds of coffee, and the
profits and sales of the same; third,
how it is prepared for market; fourth,
how it is prepared for table use, giv-
ing receipts from those who have had
large experience and can extract the
beverage from the bean so skillfully
as to make it most palatable. The
question with all classes of our people
is, how to obtain the best grades of
coffee at the least price. I shall at-
tempt to answer these points in a
plain, simple way, so that even the
unlearned can thoroughly understand
what is said.

Heretofore, Mexico has not been con-
sidered by our merchants as an en-
large or promising field for coffee
production, because producers have
not shown much activity in presenting
the crop to the market. It is strange
to those of us viewing it from the pre-
sent standpoint and acquaintance with
the bean that the Mexican coffee
should have remained so long un-
known to and unsold in our market.
Since the government of this country
has passed to capable hands; since
the country has opened its gates to
all home-seeking people; since the
world has become assured that finan-
cial investments, as well as life and
property, are as safe here as else-
where, that a large part of the coun-
try is accessible by rail and water, a
new life, a greater stimulus, has been
given to the production of all kinds of
tropical fruits, as well by those "na-
tive and to the manner born" as by
thousands of foreigners who have re-
moved to Mexico for agricultural pur-
poses. Mexico has shown its capacity
to produce the higher as well as the
lower grades of the berry—from the
most delicate Uruapan to the rougher
and less tasteful on the higher eleva-
tions—and she become a greater pro-
ducer for the markets of the world,
shrinking from no comparison with
the coffee of Brazil and elsewhere.
There are already many agents from
New Orleans, New York, San Fran-
cisco, and Baltimore located in the coffee-
producing regions of Mexico, buying
larger or smaller lots for their employ-
ees in the United States. I am of the
opinion that Mexico has the capacity
to produce every pound of coffee re-
quired in the United States, and as
it is a part of the North American
continent with our own country, its
proximity has much lessened the cost
of transportation over that from the
more distant South American and
Asiatic countries.

The history of coffee is interesting,
and as it may not be generally known,
I will present some of the most im-
portant points pertaining to the be-
verage. Its original home is supposed
to have been Upper Ethiopia, and it
was transplanted from there to Ara-
bia Felix. It is still a controverted
point with certain classes whether the
beverage was known to the Greeks and
Romans. The Persians adopted the
berry after the Ethiopians and the
Arabs are entitled to the credit for
its more general introduction into Eu-
rope. From Arabia the use of coffee
passed to Egypt, reaching Cairo at the

beginning of the sixteenth century.
From Egypt, it passed to Syria; from
there, to Greece and Constantinople,
A. D. 1554.

Coffee was introduced into England
in 1652 by a Greek named Pasquarosse,
who was familiar with its preparation.
Soon Pasquarosse opened a handsome
cafe in London, and there was great
activity in presenting the new drink
and giving the virtues of coffee to that
city. France adopted the use of the
berry ten years after England; Italy
claims the honor of having discovered
its merits prior to France, and it is
said that an Italian brought coffee to
Marseilles in 1644.

The first coffeehouse was opened in
Paris twenty-five years later, during
the reign of Louis XIV.

It is said the invention of news-
papers, or gazettes, is due to the in-
troduction of coffee into France. From
the gossip of individuals gathered in
the cafes over the cups of coffee, there
was but a short step to the rude print-
ing press, with its sheets of enlarged
gossip, and the idea of such a sheet is
said to have entered the brain of some
genius as he was imbibing the coffee
at that time.

Coffee was introduced in the early
years of the seventeenth century into
the islands of the sea, the West Indies,
Martinique, Santo Domingo, Guade-
loupe, the island of Reunion, into
almost all of those parts of America
in which it could be produced, and in
1748 Don Juan Antonio Gelabert in-
troduced it into Cuba. It was intro-
duced into Mexico from the West
Indies toward the end of the seven-
teenth century, cultivated first at or
near Cordoba, now on the Mexican and
Veracruz Railroad, 200 miles from the
City of Mexico and 60 miles from
Veracruz, at an elevation of 2,500 feet
above sea level, and situated in the
midst of the most productive tropical
region of this wondrous country, now
commanding the attention of the
world to a greater extent than it has
ever done before. It is of this special
section of Mexico that Prescott thus
speaks in his "Conquest of Mexico":
"During the first day, Cortes's road
lay through the 'Tierra caliente,' the
beautiful land where they had been
so long lingering; the land of the
vanilla, cochineal, cacao, then after-
wards of the orange, the sugar cane,
and coffee—products which, indige-
nous to Mexico, have now become the
luxuries of Europe, the land where
the fruits and the flowers chase one
another in unbroken circle through
the year; where the gales are loaded
with perfume till the senses ache at
their sweetness, and the groves are
filled with many colored birds and in-
sects, whose enameled wings glisten
like diamonds in the bright sun of the
tropics. Such are the magical splen-
dors of this paradise of the senses."

Here is one of the spots in this yet
undeveloped Republic where some of
the finest coffee known to the human
appetite is grown and prepared for the
markets of the world.
As this part of Mexico is the birth-
place of coffee in Mexico, and, I might
almost say, any other part of the North
American continent or its contiguous
islands, I have taken the liberty of
giving it a more special notice and de-
scription. It is today the richest and
most beautiful spot in Mexico, with
Jalapa, Orizaba, and Cordoba rising
from their emerald hills in all their
beauty and freshness. No one has seen
Mexico in all of its splendor until he
has visited this enchanting spot.

CHRISTIAN NAMES.

Roughly speaking, there are about
twenty-five names in general circula-
tion, and as 14 per cent of female bap-
tism answers to the name of Mary, and
13 per cent of the male progeny is cul-
lured William, the chances of mis-chris-
tian naming the ordinary Sunday school
child are reduced to a minimum. The
preponderance of Marys and the over-
whelming number of Williams is due
in the first place to the fact that the
former was the great saint-name of the
Middle Ages, which neither the Refor-
mation nor time could dislodge from
public popularity.

The Williams owe the popularity of
their praenomen originally to the Con-
queror and to no other, though both the
Marys and the Williams are indebted
greatly to the strong conservative feel-
ing that exists in baptismal family
names. Statistics prove, as it their
habit, that 33 per cent of child life is
loaded with two names at baptism. 11
per cent is content with one and one
thirty-five millionth has twenty-four
Williams and its derivatives, according
to Lower's "Patronymica Britannica,"
forms the root of more surnames than
any other British praenomen, and Wil-
liams is, with the exception of Smith
and Jones the most popular cognom-
en of the United Kingdom, easily
beating Brown and Robinson, who are
usually bracketed with the only Jones.
Besides Williams, Williamson and
other direct derivatives, we have from
the French diminutive Guillemot, Gil-
let, Gillett, and kindred names the
Bill of Old England supplies us with
Billson, and Wilcox, Willy, Wilkins,
and the like are all traceable to the
Norman influence. Undoubtedly fash-
ion influences names as well as gar-
ments, as witness the run on certain
names at certain times, a few years
ago Ethel, Mabel and Maud were all
the rage today Dorothy and Doris are
reigning favorites, to be replaced in a
few short months by some more fash-
ionable appellation—Boris, perhaps.

Thirty years ago there were only two
dozen explosive compounds known to
chemists, now there are over 1000

HUSBAND AND MONEY SKIPPED TOGETHER.

Julien D. Hayne Leaves His Wife
in a Sad Plight.

DISAPPOINTED IN NOTES ON HAND

The Woman Found Demented at a Railway
Station in Indiana—Hayne Sent a Telegram
and Then Dropped Out of Sight—His Where-
abouts at Present Unknown—Is Wanted.

Julien D. Hayne seems to have come
quite up to the expectations of a great
many people who had not the slightest
confidence in him from the first day of
his second visit to the Islands. The
prophecy that he would get his wife's



JULIEN D. HAYNE.

money and then cast her adrift seems
to have been fulfilled to the letter.

The letter published below, written
by a man once in the employ of Hayne,
will be of interest to the butcher, the
baker and candle stick maker, as well
as others in Honolulu who hold
Hayne's bogus drafts, and who are
anxiously waiting his return, with the
belief that he will pay up. The writer
of the letter was employed by Hayne
to look after the publication of the
last numbers of the Hawaiian. After
preparing copy in Hayne's office on
Fort Street, he was taken to San Fran-
cisco to read proof on the book and
see that it was gotten out promptly.
This was after the Gazette Company
refused to publish the book. Hayne re-
mained with him in San Francisco for
some time, and then suddenly discov-
ered that he must return to the Islands,
but was short of funds. A little matter
of \$250 was all that was needed, and
the clerk furnished it with the under-
standing that it would be returned on
the next steamer after Hayne's safe
arrival here. In the mean time the
clerk was to continue in his employ,
and receive copy which would be sent
to him in San Francisco.

Several steamers arrived at the Bay
City, but "the letter that he longed for
never came," and he visited Honolulu
in search of it, but before leaving he
took the time and trouble to inquire
into Hayne's actions on the coast. With
a report in his pocket he arrived in
Honolulu and made a demand for his
money and expenses, including fare to
and from Honolulu. The bill was then
promptly paid and the young man
again went to work, but left for the
coast in a few weeks.

While pursuing his investigations in
San Francisco the man found it neces-
sary to communicate with Mrs. Hayne's
son, a resident of Osage, Iowa, and the
cashier of a bank in which his father
held large interests during his life-
time. This correspondence has contin-
ued since then, and whenever Mrs.
Hayne's relatives wished information
concerning her or Hayne, the son com-
municated the fact to the writer of
this letter. This is mentioned here so
as to explain the fact of the son writ-
ing to the man at this late day.

One of Hayne's creditors to the ex-
tent of \$70 for groceries, and the one-
time holder of a bogus draft for \$400,
said yesterday that when Hayne tried
to negotiate the draft for \$400 with him
he presented a typewritten letter on the
letterhead of the Osage bank, in which
it was stated that Mrs. Hayne might
draw on the bank to the amount of
\$3,000, and it was on the strength of
this letter that the various drafts were
cashed. Whether the letter was a forgery
or not, written on a letterhead of
the bank has never been ascertained.

The statement regarding the bank
stock is rather at variance with letters
received while Hayne was here. At
that time it was rumored that the stock
had been sent to Osage and sold, and
that Mrs. Hayne had made a demand
for payment of her portion in her hus-
band's estate. Under the terms of the
will, however, the estate could not be

divided until the youngest son reached
his majority. So the request was de-
nied. In view of this, Mrs. Hayne's
son was of the opinion that whatever
money his mother had drawn was
gone into Hayne's speculations. It is
possible the stock was not sold at that
time, though letters received here af-
ter the request was made stated this to
be the case. The following letter con-
tains information which must win for
Mrs. Hayne the sympathy of her friends
here, who knew the way Hayne kept
her from people who were apt to give
her information.

I would like to hear something about
Hayne, and how he got away from
Honolulu. The only news I have had
from Honolulu since leaving was your
letter, telling me of his escape from the
charge of a common nuisance. Hayne
kept out of my way while he was
in San Francisco. I did not know
he was there for a week after his ar-
rival, and though I called four times
he was always out. They would not
do any more of his work at the Hicks-
Judd office, and he owes them a pretty
big bill as it is.

I had a letter from Mrs. Hayne's
son last week, telling me that Hayne
had deserted his wife. After their ar-
rival in the East, Hayne induced her
to sell some bank stock, the last of her
fortune. For this he got about \$5000
cash and non-negotiable notes for
\$13,000. Hayne did not notice that
the notes were not negotiable, and the
next day he tried to sell them in
Chicago, and failed. He made an aw-
ful fuss with Mrs. Hayne's attorneys
and bankers, but the latter were firm,
and he had to go off without the mon-
ey. He had left Mrs. Hayne near New
York while he went to Chicago about
the notes, and sent her a telegram
from some place in Indiana that he
had been sick and could not go any
further that day. He professed to
be on his way back to her. Mrs. Hayne
went to the place where he had tele-
graphed from that he had to stop off,
but could not find her husband, and
that night was found there by her at-
torney walking about the depot wait-
ing room in a partially demented con-
dition. She is now at her son's house
at Osage, but does not seem to under-
stand how things go. Her son says that
when affairs are settled he does not
think she will have a cent left. Hayne
has not been heard from since his
telegram to his wife. He has had
time to get out of the country. If
there was anything about Hayne in
the Honolulu papers prior to or sub-
sequent to his departure, I wish you
would send me a copy.

HER REMARKABLE WILL.

How Kate Field Divided Her Earthly
Goods.

Stock, Books and Portraits to Cover Loans
Made—Mr. Beatty Has Disposition
of the Estate.

The will of Kate Field has been
filed in the Court of Probate at Wash-
ington, D. C. It was dated July 17,
1895, and witnessed by Katherine and
Jefferson Chandler and Francis E.
Leupp. The following bequests are
made. To the executors the sum of
\$500, to be invested and devoted to
the care of the testatrix's lot in Mount
Auburn cemetery, Cambridge, Mass.,
to the state of New York, to form the
nucleus of the proposed Adirondack
Park, two shares in John Brown's
farm at North Elba, Miss Field ex-
pressing the hope that other stock-
holders will follow her example, to
Standard Beatty, all property not oth-
erwise disposed of, including lot 6,
square 194, Washington; 127 shares of
instantaneous fire alarm stock and a
loan of \$6500 to William H. Reynolds,
for the payment of which he held 100
shares in the Idaho Mining & Irriga-
tion Company, to S. V. White of
Brooklyn, the Walter Savage Landor
album, as payment of a loan of \$500,
to the Art Museum of St. Louis, por-
traits of Miss Field by Frank D. Mil-
let and of her mother and father; to
the Newberry Library of Chicago, cop-
ies of the St. Louis Revue; to John
E. Seales of New York, a drawing by
Gainsborough, in payment of \$1000
invested in Kate Field's Washington
just before she was forced by ill
health to suspend its publication, to
H. H. Kohlhaas of Chicago, certain
pictures left with him; to Mary Sedley
Smith, clothing; to George Riddle, all
books left with Miss Jane Smith, 66
Mt. Vernon street, Boston; to Lillian
Whiting a crayon head, left with Mrs.
William P. Kellogg, and to T. Sanford
Beatty, all furniture, trunks, pictures
and boxes at the Fifth Avenue Hotel,
New York, at the Shoreham and Cor-
coran building, this city, and at New-
port. R. I. To Mr. Beatty, all the
residue of the estate is left, he being
requested to remember substantially
her cousin Kate Wilcox of New Or-
leans. He is also requested to divide
the jewelry between Mrs. Wilcox, Mrs.
Sedley Smith, Lillian Whiting, Mr.
Riddle, Mrs. Chandler and himself, and
to give Miss Jane Smith some useful
souvenir. As to the disposition of her
body, Miss Field directs that it be cre-
mated and that her ashes, together
with the plain gold ring worn by her
be placed in an urn and the urn be
deposited above the coffin of her fa-
ther and mother half way between

'TIS GETTING WARM FOR TURKEY.

Powers Gathering Forces and
Talking War.

DONGOLA CAPTURED BY BRITISH.

First Success of Egyptian Campaign—Spanish
Troubles in Philippines—Venezuela Matters
Again Mrs. Maybrick's Case—French Will
Not Give up Tyuan—Foreign News.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 20.—The
following articles were among the ex-
plosives discovered yesterday at Pera:
Five monster bombs of the diameter of
thirty-eight centimetres (about eleven
inches), and weighing thirteen kilo-
grams (about twenty-eight pounds one
and a half ounces), twenty-one of a
smaller size, four boxes of dynamite,
twenty-eight bottles of nitro-glycerine,
forty yards of tarred cotton in fuses,
and three suspicious tin boxes.

I am authorized to contradict the
rumors that the powers are asking per-
mission for the entry of a fleet into the
Bosphorus. It is entirely unfounded.
The Turkish authorities have put a
stop to the deportation of Armenians,
which has been going on since the re-
cent fatal riots at Constantinople.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Lady Henry
Somerset writes from Marseilles an ap-
peal to the Daily News to collect funds
to send the refugee Armenians to Am-
erica. The Daily News this morning
also prints an appeal from Miss Fran-
ces Willard to her sisters in America
on the same subject, and in an editorial
the same journal rejoices to be able to
assist in such a project.

The Daily News announces that Nu-
ber Pasha, the well known Egyptian
statesman and formerly president of
the Egyptian Council of Ministers, has
donated £400 to the Armenian relief
fund.

A Constantinople dispatch to the
Daily News says: The United States
Legation has received news from one
of its consuls of a serious massacre at
Ehlin, in the district of Kharpoot.

MANCHESTER, Sept. 20.—Eight
thousand persons attended a meeting
here today to protest against the Turk-
ish treatment of the Armenians. The
Bishop of Manchester presided at the
meeting.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The Admiralty Of-
fice is making inquiries as to the time
that would be required in fitting out
three ironclads in view of the menacing
situation in Turkey.

DONGOLA HAS FALLEN.

Objective Point of British-Egyptian
Expedition Reached.

KERMA-ON-THE-NILE, Sept. 20.—
Dongola has fallen and the normal ob-
jective point of the British-Egyptian
expedition has been reached. The river
forces of the expedition, pushing up
the Nile from El Hafir, landed a force
at Dongola and occupied that place be-
fore the Dervish forces, retreating
from El Hafir, reached that point. El
Hafir and Dongola are therefore both
in the hands of the expedition, while
the Dervish forces are somewhere be-
tween, seeking a refuge.

London Views of the Fall.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—An editorial in
the Times with reference to the taking
of Dongola says: "We may reasonably
hope that the work of liberation was
speedily carried further south."

A dispatch from Kerman to the Chro-
nicle says that the treasure chest be-
longing to the Mahdist leaders was on
board the steamer which was sunk in the
Nile.

The correspondent of the Daily News
from the Nile expedition, in a dispatch
from El Hafir, says: "It is possible that
being desperate, the Dervishes will
make a hot fight for Dongola, though
I learn that there is great dissension
among their leaders, and the disabling
of Wad Bishara materially affected the
Dervish plans."

A Kerma dispatch to the Standard
praises the clever tactics of Wad Bish-
ara and adds: "The Dervishes are
certainly well led and they retain much
of their old spirit."

INSURGENTS IN PHILIPPINES

Monks Massacred and Warships Ren-
der Little Assistance.

MADRID, Sept. 20.—A dispatch to
the Imparcial from Hong Kong says
that the insurgents at Cavite Philip-
pine Islands, captured the monastery
there and massacred the monks, put-
ting them to death with knives. Span-
ish war ships afterward started a bom-
bardment of the insurgent position, but
the shots fell short and no harm was
done.

The dispatch adds that over a hun-
dred insurgents who had been captured
by the Spaniards were flung into a
small dungeon at Manila. The next
morning fifty-four of the prisoners

were found dead, having been suffocated during the night.

The Spaniards, with the object of striking terror among the sympathizers of the insurgents, made it a practice to execute their prisoners publicly. The men are taken out in batches and shot before the eyes of any one who desires to witness their death.

The dispatch further says that the insurgents are making headway in the interior.

SPAIN'S FAILURE IN CUBA.

Insurgents Holding Their Own in the Struggle.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The Times this morning publishes the following from its Havana correspondent:

"Careful study for the past four months convinces me that despite serious losses, the rebels are holding their own against the troops. The wealthy agricultural districts are completely under rebel control, and the whole sympathy of the islanders is with the rebels. Even Havana, which is more Spanish than any other town or district, is permeated with animosity toward Spanish rule, and is honeycombed with intrigues on behalf of the rebellion.

"The struggle is prolonged by the facility with which the insurgents obtain ammunition and stores of all kinds from abroad and from every town in Cuba, under the noses of the Spanish officers, with impunity. The seizure of contraband goods is rare.

"It is now too late to compromise by granting reforms. The Cuban insurgents would not now accept full autonomy as the price of yielding their arms. I say this advisedly, after a careful examination of the situation from all points of view. Spain will be compelled to conquer or to abandon the island. This irreconcilable attitude of the rebels is largely due to the wholesale execution of rebels after a summary trial.

"Another reason is the hopeless prospect of a rehabilitation of Cuban credit while the island is under Spanish dominion. Taxation must be heavily increased to pay the burdens of the war. Hence people with vested interests prefer the risks and uncertainties of independence, coupled with the earnest hope that at no distant date Cuba will become a State in the American Union."

ANGLOPHOBIA IN RUSSIA.

The Press Extremely Hostile to England.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg, in his dispatches published yesterday and today, calls attention to the extremely anti-English tone of the Russian press, in contrast to the unusual friendliness displayed toward other nations, "While Russophobia," says the correspondent, "is wanting in England, Anglophobia is gaining in Russia, as instanced even by the Czar's coldness."

The correspondent further recalls that when at the beginning of August the late Prince Lobanoff Rostovski refused to assist the Bishop of the American Episcopal Church to convey an Anglo-American address to the Czar in favor of the Armenians, the Bishop obtained an audience through other influences, and that when the Czar read the address he did not reply, but merely shook the Bishop's hand.

The Times' Vienna correspondent notes a similar tone on the part of the leading Austrian organs, which accuse England of Machiavellian designs in Turkey.

WAR IN THE SOUDAN.

Dervishes Prepared for a Stand Against the British.

FEREIG, Soudan, Sept. 14.—A detachment of the Staffordshire Regiment and the camel corps belonging to the Nile expedition have been southward from here, ahead of the main advance of the expedition, to check the operations of a body of Dervish raiders whose headquarters are at Kormoh, where the Dervishes have concentrated a considerable force for the purpose of making a stand against the British advance.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Chronicle has a dispatch from Fereig, the advance post of the Nile expedition, saying the cavalry reconnaissance toward Kabodi had the first brush with a party of Dervishes who were looting a deserted village. The cavalry killed six of them. The whole party tried to cross the river in boats, but were captured by friendly natives, including the boats and their crews.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

Reply to the Home Secretary for a Request.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Home Secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, replying to a letter from Henry S. Seymour, secretary of the Maybrick committee, who asked the Home Secretary to accord humane treatment to Mrs. Maybrick on the same ground that it was accorded to the dynamiters all news resulting from imprisonment, says that the report of the condition of the convict will have the same consideration as the cases of other convicts.

SHIPS OF WAR FOR SPAIN.

New Vessels to be Built by an English Firm.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: "The commission charged with the construction of tenders from English firms for the construction of men-of-war for the Spanish Government has reported in favor of the Armstrongs, on account of the time required for construction and defensive power. The said firm undertakes to build a battle-ship of 11,000 tons in fourteen

months and a cruiser of 5,500 tons in twelve months, with a speed of twenty-one knots, with an armament up to twenty-four centimeters. The price for the battle-ship is £900,000 and for the cruiser £600,000.

THEY WANT BLOOD.

And England Wants Tynan But Can't Get Him.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—It is said it is impossible to extradite Tynan on a charge of having been connected with the Phoenix Park murders, as the French statute of limitations intervenes.

BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, Sept. 18.—M. Bossu, Deputy Public Prosecutor, in charge of the case against P. J. P. Tynan, the alleged Irish dynamiter, received a letter today informing him, in the name of the Committee of Invincibles and the Anarchist Brotherhood, that unless Tynan was released within twenty-four hours he (Bossu) would be blown up with dynamite. The letter was written with a red fluid, believed to be blood.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The records of the Court of Common Pleas show that P. J. P. Tynan, the dynamite suspect under arrest at Boulogne-sur-Mer, has been a citizen of the United States since August, 1888.

CHILDS NEW CABINET.

Belief That It Will Not Long Remain Unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The following is from the Times' correspondent at Santiago de Chile: The new cabinet is composed as follows: Senor Zanartu, Minister of the Interior; Senor Patron, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Senor Ibanez, Minister of Justice; Senor Fibros, Minister of Finance; Senor Biaz, Minister of Public Works.

Senor Fibros is a sound conversationalist. It is believed, however, that the Ministry will not be a lasting one, owing to the opposition in Chamber to the commission appointed to consider the financial question. It is the general opinion, however, that the conversion of the colony is safe.

PHONES ACROSS THE OCEAN.

A Russian's Long-Distance Invention to Utilize Cables.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—A dispatch from Odessa today says that M. Kildischewsky, an electrician, has discovered an improvement in the telephone, by the use of which distance has no effect on the hearing, and he may be able to 'phone across the Atlantic Ocean. In a recent experiment between Moscow and Rostoff, on the Don, a distance of 800 miles, talking, music and singing were heard with perfect distinctness. An ordinary telegraph wire was used. M. Kildischewsky will go to London to experiment with his improvement on the Atlantic cables between London and New York.

VENEZUELA ONCE MORE.

Official Memorandum That May Lead to Further Controversy.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Times will tomorrow publish a memorandum from Senor Rojas, Venezuelan Minister of Foreign Affairs, relative to Lord Salisbury's note of November, 1895, to Secretary Olney. Senor Rojas, in an introductory letter to Secretary Olney, claims that the memorandum, which was published in Atlanta, Ga., completely refutes the position taken by Lord Salisbury in the Anglo-Venezuelan boundary dispute. The Times ridicules the arguments set forth in the memorandum, but admits that the tone of the document is moderate.

NEW MINISTER FOR JAPAN.

Count Matsukata Succeeds Marquis Ito as Premier.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 18.—Count Matsukata has been appointed Premier in succession to the Marquis Ito, who resigned on August 28th, and who was followed by the rest of the Cabinet on the next day. In the new Cabinet the Count, besides holding the Premiership, becomes the Minister of Finance, which position he also held in the late Cabinet of Marquis Ito. Viscount Takashima is appointed Minister of War and Count Okuma Minister of Foreign Affairs.

GENERAL WEYLER'S WAY.

How He Is Trying to Sustain the Bank of Havana.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Standard from Madrid says that Captain-General Weyler has issued a proclamation which threatens severe penalties for the non-acceptance of the notes of the Bank of Havana at their face value, although they have already suffered a discount of 16 per cent.

The Government is enforcing this proclamation despite the resistance of the commercial classes and of the general public of Cuba.

DEFEAT OF THE MUTELES.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from Fort Salisbury, Mata Beland, and dated Saturday, says that Major Janner has completely beaten Umtegeza's tribe, numbering 5,000 men, at Fort Charter, and has captured all its strongholds. Umtegeza's men surrendered.

CZAR'S TOUR ABROAD.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 20.—The Czar and Czarina embarked on the imperial yacht Standard which sailed from here at 12:30 o'clock for Leith, escorted by the Pole Star.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Prince of Wales, Lord Roseberry and Baron de Staal, the Russian Ambassador, accompanied by a number of military and naval officers, visited Leith this afternoon to inspect the arrangements there for the reception of the Czar.

LOOKING AFTER TRINIDAD.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 19.—The Brazilian Government will at once send a cruiser to establish the Government's authority on the island of Trinidad, recently surrendered by Great Britain. It is reported that there will be a new leader of the monarchical party at Sao Paulo.

GLADSTONE MAY MAKE A SPEECH.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15.—Gladstone has written a letter to the Liverpool Reform Club urging the holding of a mass meeting in behalf of the Armenians, and stated that, if desired, it might be possible for him to take part in the proceedings.

WORDS OF THE POPE.

ROME, Sept. 18.—The Pope in an apostolic letter proclaims the Anglican ordinations absolutely invalid, and invites Anglicans to return to Catholic unity.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

Insurance against non-employment is an accomplished fact in Cologne. Workmen who have resided two years in that city and are over 18 years of age can join the society. The dues are 6 cents per week. If no employment can be procured for a member during the dull season, 50 cents per day is paid to him if married, 38 cents if single. The city has started a guaranty fund for the society with \$6000 to which \$14,500 has been added by subscriptions among employers. The society hopes to enroll enough members to meet all liabilities likely to occur.

With the decline of the grape crop in France, increased attention has been paid to the cultivation of apples and the production of cider, which has, in a measure, superseded wine as the national drink. Official statistics just published show that there were 678,000,000 gallons of cider produced in France in 1895, being an increase of 197,000,000 gallons over the preceding year.

Among the lower classes in Tenerife the woman is very badly treated, the husband, brother, or even son is a species of petty tyrant, and ninety-nine times in a hundred when on his way to the town in company with his wife and his donkey, he rides the donkey and she carries the burden on her head. A great weight is often so supported.

The city of Paris has just voted the sum of \$2,000,000 for the establishment of homes in Algeria, Tunis and Corsica for the consumptive patients of the metropolitan hospitals. The homes are to be arranged in accordance with the new theories concerning the necessity of isolating patients in the last stages of the malady from those who are not altogether beyond the hope of recovery.

According to reports from St. Petersburg, the relations between Russia and Japan in connection with Corea are more strained now than at any time since Japan's treaty with China. It is added that a peremptory demand has been addressed by the Czar's government to Tokyo, insisting on the immediate withdrawal of Japan from the Korean peninsula.

Dr. Hayes C. French, a San Francisco physician who has recently become an evangelist, has adopted a unique costume for the pulpit. "All my preaching," he says "is done in knickerbockers and a sweater. This is the uniform of the Young Men's Christian Association Cycling Club. The triangle on the breast means spirit, body and mind, the emblems of infinitude."

Dr. John Wesley Gadsen, who has just died in Philadelphia, was known as one of the most skillful veterinary surgeons in the United States. He proved that pleuro-pneumonia was contagious. He was appointed veterinary surgeon by the Department of Agriculture and was an examiner in the Veterinary College in Montreal for several years.

There is a story of Lord Russell addressing a Scotch constituency with a Scotch accent so badly simulated that the audience hooted him. Whereupon he pulled out from under his topcoat a portly bottle and said: "I may not be able to catch your dialect, but I never drink anything but Scotch whisky." This caught the crowd and carried the orator through at the polls.

Mrs. Ellen Wayles Harrison, widow of William Byrd Harrison of Upper Brandon, Vt., died on a recent date at the home of Mr. Alexander Randall in Baltimore. Mrs. Harrison was the daughter of the late Thomas Jefferson Randolph of Edge Hall, Albemarle Co., Va., and was the oldest living descendant of Thomas Jefferson.

Two successive attempts have been made at Sofia to blow up with dynamite the tomb of M. Stambuloff, the one-time premier, regent and dictator of Bulgaria. Although all the marble work has been demolished and the cross at the head of the grave shattered to pieces, yet the coffin itself remains uninjured.

The speculators who for several years have been buying up and draining the small lakes of Iowa are in hard luck. The heavy rains have flooded their possessions, and the lakes are again doing business at the old stand, with more water than in many years before the droughts came on.

In Carl Peters, the explorer, is said to have left Germany for good and to have left directions to have all his af-

fair there wound up, since the sentence of Herr Schroeder, the East African administrator, is fifteen years' imprisonment at hard labor for brutality to the natives.

As fall the Governor's Foot Guard, of Hartford, Conn., will fittingly celebrate the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of its establishment. A history will be prepared of the deeds of this body since it first began its duties of protecting the Excellencies of the Nutmeg State. The members of the organization still wear as a part of their uniform peaked grenadier caps similar to those worn when the body paraded in Hartford for the first time, in 1771.

The wheeling craze is responsible for the introduction into England of an entirely new piece of household furniture. It is an elegantly joined and carved cabinet, which is an ornament either in a boudoir or in a hallway. Primarily the cabinet is a stall for a bicycle. It is fitted with a movable base, and may be so fixed that in bad weather the invigorating exercise of bicycling may be enjoyed within doors.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher has just entered upon her eighty-fifth year, and is remarkably well preserved and vigorous. All the little adornments of her toilet are the work of her own hands, the graceful lace caps trimmed with ribbons, and soft fleecy lace arranged at the neck and wrists.

About twenty years ago there were only about fifteen thousand Jews in Jerusalem; now, however, it is said that the Hebrew population in the City of David numbers between sixty thousand and seventy thousand souls. Throughout Palestine they are buying farms and establishing themselves in a surprisingly rapid manner.

The Tom Hughes memorial fund, which is rapidly accumulating, is to be used for the erection of a life-size statue of Judge Hughes at Highbury. Any surplus which may remain will be devoted to the home mission work identified with Rugby.

Dr. H. H. Hale of Detroit carries a walking stick the intrinsic value of which is \$3,000. It was presented to him some years ago by friends in Edinburgh. It is ornamented with gold and jewels and the head contains a fine chronometer.

Books bound in the skin of departed friends are said by the London Figaro to be the fashion now in Paris. So are cigarette cases, tobacco pouches, pocket books and prayer books made of the skin of notorious criminals.

Maximilian, who has just renounced his rights of succession to the throne of Saxony in order to become a priest, will be absolved from his vows in the event of his remaining the sole surviving prince of his house.

Chautauqua is to have another new building, to be known as the Hall of the Christ, the ground for which was consecrated on August 18. The building is to be the most substantial yet erected there.

The Prince of Wales' celebrated "Norwich gates" at Sandringham are considered the finest specimen in the kingdom of wrought iron, delicately embossed into flowers, fruitful vines and sprays.

Only about a dozen words of genuine English origin end with the letter "a," two dozen with the letter "o," and nearly 5,000 with "y." "Ough" has eight sounds, as up, on, o, off, uff, and aut.

Hampton Court's great gold fish is dead. It lived in the central fountain, weighed four pounds, and was probably the largest and oldest specimen of its kind in England.

Bottling cider has become a large industry in France. It is now regarded in France as the most hygienic of all drinks, much more so, indeed, than the best of wines.

Between January and March 49 persons were injured by the slamming of the doors of compartments, and six by falling out of carriages on British railways.

In the Irish constabulary there is a rule in force which forbids the wife of a constable to carry on business as a dressmaker while her husband is in the force.

Ritualism is growing in the English Church. Incense is used in 308 churches against nine in 1882. Lights on the altar are used in 2,598 churches, against 581 in 1882.

No satisfactory evidence of camels existing in a wild state has ever been produced. They have, in fact, been domesticated from the very earliest times.

Titian was the greatest Venetian painter. The chief of a long line of imitators, art critics rank him, with Raphael and Corregio, a prince of the art.

Viennese society women have taken to swimming in public in the Danube to the great delight of the populace, which watches them from the quays.

For the first time since 1869 the Queen of the Belgians has gone a long visit to France. She is now at Chantilly as the guest of the Duc d'Aumale.

Lohair von Faber, of the great pen-making family of Nuremberg, left at his recent death half a million dollars to beautify that city.

General Booth has pressed living pictures into the service of the Salvation Army at the great exhibition in London.

England spends 99 times as much in drink as in education.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

HAVE OPENED UP NEW INVOICES OF

Silk Waist Patterns,

IN SIX-YARD LENGTHS

Laces and Embroideries.

THOMPSON'S "GLOVE-FITTING" CORSETS.

French Organdies and Swiss Goods in Dress Lengths.

Give us your name and we will send you a complete assortment of samples.

Napa Soda.

The King of Table Waters, PURELY NATURAL MINERAL WATER

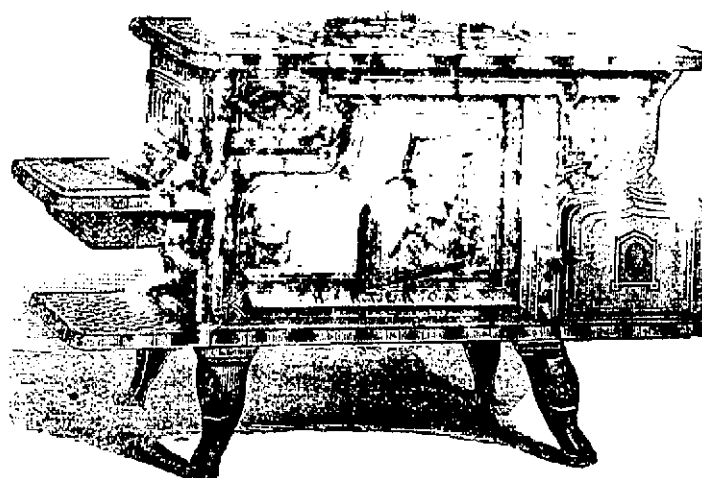
Is Always Pure, Bright and Sparkling.

EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED BY THE

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JOHN NOTT,



Wrought Steel Ranges, Chilled Iron Cooking Stoves

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS:

Agate Ware (White, Gray and Nickel-plated), Pumps, Water and Soil Pipes, Water Closets and Urinals, Rubber Hose and Lawn Sprinklers, Bath Tubs and Steel Sinks, O. S. Gutters and Leaders, Sheet Iron Copper, Zinc and Lead, Lead Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

PLUMBING, TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORK.
Diamond Block. 75-79 King Street.

PACIFIC HARDWARE Co.

Limited.

Agents for DEERE & Co.

The largest Plow manufacturers in the world.

The "Secretary" Disc Plow

The Secretary Disc Plow is already an established success. A supply is expected at an early day, as also Rice Plows, Breakers, etc., manufactured specially for this country.

THE VACUUM OILS

The best Lubricants manufactured.

Picture Mouldings

The latest patterns just received from the factory.

Slack & Brownlow's Filters

Twenty years' experience has failed to produce so good a water purifier.

STRIKERS SHED BLOOD IN LEADVILLE.

State Militia Called Out to Re-store Order.

SHIP FOR UNION IRON WORKS.

San Francisco Firm Gets Contract for 30-Knot Boat—Attitude of New York's Democratic Candidate—Stands for Gold and Will Fight on State Issues—Gold Men in Kansas.

LEADVILLE (Col.), Sept. 21.—At 1 o'clock this morning three heavy explosions aroused sleepers in the eastern part of the city for blocks around the Coronado mine, which is the one which first resumed operations and which was heavily barricaded and well stocked with provisions and arms.

The explosions were followed by a fusillade of rifle shots, apparently from within the barricade, and rapid but irregular shots from outside, apparently from a widely scattered attacking force, who were on hand to protect the retreat of the dynamiters.

The shooting lasted for ten minutes, and all was silent for about five minutes, when desultory firing was renewed, and has been kept up ever since. At this writing (1:45 o'clock) another explosion was heard, sounding like dynamite. Ten minutes after the first explosions a telephone message from the Coronado stated that nobody inside the barricade had been hurt.

Since then it has been impossible to reach the Coronado by telephone.

This office is now being watched by several bands of men grouped in dark corners and alleys, and this may mean that they propose to prevent any communication with the telegraph offices, the watchers not knowing that we have the leased wire and long distance telephone.

The city is in a panic of fear. County and city officials are out looking after the work of the police and Sheriff. Bullets frequently whistled over this office, and altogether the situation is warlike.

STORY OF THE STRIKE.

How the Leadville Trouble Commenced.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 21.—The miners' strike, of which tonight's lawlessness is the outcome, began three months ago yesterday, when, at 11 at night the men in two or three of the leading mines walked out. The union scale of wages in Leadville was \$3 for everybody, but in 1893, when the price of silver dropped below 60 cents an ounce, an agreement was made that \$2.50 should be accepted for some classes of work until silver should return to 83 cents. This agreement the miners afterward declared was unfair, as many of the mines paid large dividends. It was to enforce the original scale of \$3 that the men struck. About 3,000 men were involved.

Within the last two weeks several mines have resumed work, and this week the output has been 1,200 tons daily, against 2,000 tons before the strike.

MORE TROOPS CALLED OUT.

The Entire State Militia to Take the Field.

DENVER, Sept. 21.—At 2:30 o'clock this morning Sheriff Newman of Leadville and Judge Owens of the District Court of Lake county called upon Governor McIntyre for troops to quell the riot at Leadville. The Governor at once issued the call, and before daylight the entire military force of the State will be en route to the scene of the trouble. The troops from this city, two infantry troops and a battery, will reach Leadville by noon.

3:45 a. m.—Twelve hundred militiamen will be sent to Leadville today. The Governor has issued the order to that effect. At 3:40 o'clock the news that the Emmet and Marlon mines had been attacked decided the Governor to intervene with armed force.

Scarcely had the order been issued before a message was received from Sheriff Newman confessing that he was utterly powerless to cope with the situation, that he had been ordered away from the burning mine by the strikers, and that a reign of terror existed.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21, 3 a. m.—Before night Leadville will be converted into a military camp. Troops will be on the way this morning. That much has been decided upon. At a conference held between Judge Owens and Sheriff Newman it was decided to ask for the entire armed force of the State, and word was accordingly wired to the Governor at Denver.

WILL BUILD BIG SHIP.

Union Iron Works Gets Contract for Torpedo Boats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The reception of proposals for the torpedo boats authorized by the last session of Congress attracted an unusual crowd of boat builders from both coasts of the United States, including many who had not hitherto taken an interest in Government work. Among those present, in addition to the naval officers attached to the department bureau, were Wolfe & Sewelck of Portland, Ore., and Henry T. Scott of San Francisco. Secretary Herbert called Acting Secretary McAdoo to go ahead and award the contracts for the three battle ships. Formal contracts will therefore be entered into tomorrow with the successful competitors for one ship each—the Newport News Company for \$2,595,000, the Cramps for \$2,660,000 and the Union Iron Works for \$2,674,000. The Union Iron Works contract will be for 30-knot torpedo catchers.

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SIZED UP BY MANLEY.

Review of the Result in the State of Maine.

CANTON (O), Sept. 15.—Major McKinley received the following telegram from Augusta, Me., this morning:

I offer you hearty congratulations. This is your triumph. The Republican party has achieved the most sweeping and magnificent victory ever accorded any party in the history of Maine. We have carried every county in the State, elected every State Senator and at least 140 out of 145 members of the House of Representatives, secured every county official, given each the national House of Representatives the largest majority ever recorded, elected our candidate for Governor by the largest majority ever given a candidate for that high office, endorsed the St. Louis platform and declared for McKinley and Hobart by 50,000.

The Republican vote exceeds by several thousand the largest Republican majority vote heretofore given and the vote for the Democratic candidate for governor is the smallest cast with one exception, the vote of 1894, which was only 3000 less. We have kept pace with Vermont and proven to the country that the Democratic platform adopted at Chicago will not prevail when met by argument and reason.

We have been aided in this great contest by many Democrats, who have placed country above party and who believe that you cannot divide the people into parties on a question of simple morals and common honesty. They share our victory with us. What more could Maine have done for the cause of good government, honest money and protection?

J. H. MANLEY.

NEW YORK DEMOCRACY.

Candidate for Governor Declares for Gold Standard.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 20.—By making an official statement late tonight of his official position upon the financial question, and by declaring in that statement that he is unalterably for gold, John Boyd Thatcher, Democratic nominee for Governor, creates one of the most curious situations ever known in the politics of this State.

The statement was issued after a long conference with Senator Hill, Elliot Danforth, who was at Senator Hill's house, and Herrick, the Democratic leader in this county. It was addressed to the chairman of the State committee. It is believed that this course is approved by Senator Hill, William F. Sheehan and others not in attendance at the State convention, and is intended to try and throw off any nomination of a second Democratic ticket at Brooklyn and enforce a fight at the polls on State issues, leaving the National ticket entirely out of the question. Mr. Thatcher declares that he is against free silver, but will vote for Bryan and Sewall for regularity, and fight the campaign on State issues only.

CONTROLLED BY NEW COMPANY.

North American Review Announces a Change.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The September number of the North American Review makes the announcement of a change in the ownership of the old magazine. David Monroe, who has been connected with the publication for the past seven years, is the president and treasurer of the new company. His association with the magazine began when General Bryce became its owner.

The controlling interest in the Review was bequeathed to General Bryce by his friend, Allen Thorndyke Rice, who died suddenly after having been appointed Minister to Russia. General Bryce purchased the remaining interest from the heirs.

AMERICAN WARSHIPS.

Two Vessels to be Added to the Mediterranean Fleet.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The Sun's Washington special says: The assignment of two additional warships to the Mediterranean fleet is accepted as strong evidence of some expected decisive move on the part of some of the European powers in dealing with the Turkish situation, and while it is not admitted even yet that the Bancroft, which sailed today, is under orders to proceed to the Bosphorus, there is no longer the slightest question of her commission and that the Administration proposes that she shall be the United States guard ship of Constantinople, whether the Porte grants the necessary armament or refuses it.

TO BUILD SUGAR FACTORY.

Million-Dollar Company Incorporated at Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18.—The Los Alamitos Sugar Company filed articles of incorporation this morning. Its object being to erect and operate a sugar factory. Los Angeles is the principal place of business. The capital stock is \$1,000,000, of which \$400,000 has been subscribed. The incorporators are William A. Clark and Will A. Clark, Jr., of Butte, Mont., and Rose Clark, T. F. Miller and E. F. Dyer of Los Angeles.

TURNING AGAINST REV. BROWN.

Dubuque Congregationalists Rescind Their Former Action.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Sept. 20.—The Dubuque Association of Congregational Churches, which will meet at Strawberry point, Iowa, September 28th and 30th, at the request of the Bay State

Conference, will reconsider the resolutions adopted some months ago concerning the conference for suspending the Rev. C. O. Brown of San Francisco in advance of a verdict of guilty. Rev. Mr. Brown, now in Chicago, will be present to defend himself.

KANSAS GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Election for Palmer and Buckner to the Field.

TOPEKA, Kans., Sept. 18.—The executive committee of the gold standard Democracy in Kansas today placed a ticket of presidential electors in nomination in behalf of Palmer and Buckner, but for reasons which were not made public the names will be kept from the press until next Tuesday, when the nomination certificates will be filed with the Secretary of State.

CRICKET AT PHILADELPHIA.

The Australian Players Make Big Scores.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—The Australian and Philadelphia cricket teams met in their first match today. When the stumps were drawn for lunch the Australians had scored 67 runs for two wickets, Griffin (not out) 27, Hill (not out) 7.

New Record for the St. Louis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The American liner St. Louis, which arrived at Southampton today from New York, has made a new record for herself between Sandy Hook lightship and Hurst Castle. Her time on the passage will closely approximate six days, twelve hours and thirty minutes. She has cut nearly an hour from her best previous eastward passage of six days, thirteen hours and twenty-five minutes.

Withdrawals of Gold.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Apart from the withdrawal from the Bank of England of £75,000 in gold for the United States today, a leading broker bought £25,000 in gold in the open market.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Times' financial article expresses the belief that the Bank of France will supply the immediate gold wants of the United States.

In Exchange for Greenbacks.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The Bank of Montreal has deposited \$500,000 and the American National Bank \$100,000 at the sub-treasury in exchange for greenbacks.

The Maine Landslide.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 20.—The vote for Governor and Congressman, as compiled from official returns, shows a plurality for Powers of 48,377, and for Congressman of 49,538.

CO. D VICTORIOUS.

They Win Over Police by a Margin of Two Points.

The match shoot between teams from the ranks of the police and Co. D, N. G. H., took place at the Iwille butts Saturday afternoon and resulted in a victory for the latter by a margin of 2 points, the scores being 394 and 392 respectively. Following is a list of the teams and their individual scores.

| POLICE. | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| Conley | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 44 |
| Lt. Fernandes | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 40 |
| Wills | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 37 |
| Kalaikini | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 41 |
| Kaimihau | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 40 |
| Pinehaka | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 38 |
| Capt. Kanea | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 40 |
| Kupihua | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 36 |
| Deputy Marsh. | | | | | | | | | |
| Hitchcock | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 40 |
| Capt. Parker | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 36 |

COMPANY D.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| Lemon | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 40 |
| Amak | 3 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 38 |
| Vida | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 40 |
| Zerbe | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 38 |
| Gere | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 39 |
| Burnette | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 45 |
| Charlock | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 36 |
| Johnson | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 42 |
| Wilder | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 44 |
| McKinnon | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 34 |

394

Captain Parker and Pinehaka with 36 and 38 respectively fell below their usual average and reduced the score of the police. Patrolman Conley made 44 the best in the police team. On the other hand the Co. D men made several low scores, McKinnon breaking the record with 34. The average of the Co. D men is much above 394. Burnette made 45, the highest score of the day.

Should the Kakaako butts be in shape this week the return match between the police and Co. D will take place there on Saturday. If not, the Iwille butts will be used.

Owing to over-crowding and bad ventilation, the air of the schoolroom is often close and impure, and teachers and pupils frequently suffer from lung and throat troubles. To all such we would say, try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For coughs, colds, weak lungs and bronchial troubles no other remedy can compare with it. Says A. C. Freed, Superintendent of Schools, Prairie Depot, Ohio: "Having some knowledge of the efficacy of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, I have no hesitation in recommending it to all who suffer from coughs, lung troubles, etc." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Hawaiian Islands.

There are in Paris 8000 women who are heads of mercantile houses

ODE TO THE DOLLAR.

How dear our hearts is the old silver dollar as some kind subscriber presents to our view the liberty head without necktie or collar and all the strange things that seem to us new—the wide-spreading eagle, the arrows below it, the stars and the words and the strange things they tell. The coin of our fathers! we're glad that we know it, for some time or other 'twill come in right well—the spreadeagle dollar, the star-spangled dollar, the old silver dollar we love so well.—Ex.



Cure DYSPEPSIA,
Cure BILIOUSNESS,
Cure CONSTIPATION,
Cure SICK HEADACHE.

Are Purely Vegetable,
Are Sugar Coated,
Are Mild but Effective.

Good for the Stomach,
Good for the Liver,
Good for the Bowels.

THERE ARE NO OTHER PILLS

SO GOOD AS

AYER'S PILLS.

Highest Awards at the World's Great Expositions.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY

Limited.

Metropolitan Market
KING STREET.

Choicest Meats
From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

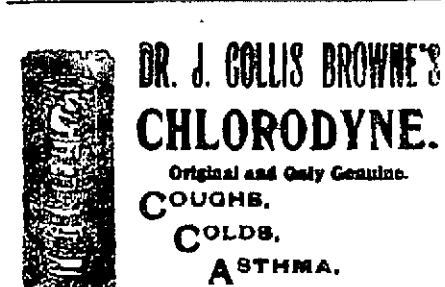
Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many insidious imitations. N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles of 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT.

33 Great Russell St. London, W. C.

E. O. HALL & SON,

Limited.

Have Just Received from New York and England a fine lot of

CUT and GALVANIZED NAILS and SPIKES, WIRE NAILS, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, HAY CUTTERS, HAY FORKS, CYLINDER CHURNS, SHOVELS and SPADES, CAST STEEL, BAR IRON, GALV'D SHEET IRON, GALV'D BUCKETS and TUBS, CART AXLES, DOOR LOCKS, HANDLED AXES and HATCHETS, IRON and BRASS SCREWS (2000 gross, assorted), COFFEE MILLS, CORN MILLS, BLACK RIVETS, HINGES, LAWN MOWERS, HORSE SHOES and HORSE NAILS, MOPS, BROOMS, PADLOCKS, CROW-BARS, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, SCALES, SAND PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WHEEL BARROWS, TRUCKS, 3000 YDS. SAIL DUCK, IRON WASHERS, IRON NUTS, CASES BENZINE, TURPENTINE, GALV'D PIPE, 1/2 in. to 2 in., MANILA and SISAL ROPE—All sizes, IRON and STEEL WIRE ROPE, up to 2 in., 2000 lbs. COTTON FISH LINES, CARD MATCHES, BLOCK MATCHES

New Goods

Among them you will find:

CUT and GALVANIZED NAILS and SPIKES, WIRE NAILS, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, HAY CUTTERS, HAY FORKS, CYLINDER CHURNS, SHOVELS and SPADES, CAST STEEL, BAR IRON, GALV'D SHEET IRON, GALV'D BUCKETS and TUBS, CART AXLES, DOOR LOCKS, HANDLED AXES and HATCHETS, IRON and BRASS SCREWS (2000 gross, assorted), COFFEE MILLS, CORN MILLS, BLACK RIVETS, HINGES, LAWN MOWERS, HORSE SHOES and HORSE NAILS, MOPS, BROOMS, PADLOCKS, CROW-BARS, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, SCALES, SAND PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WHEEL BARROWS, TRUCKS, 3000 YDS. SAIL DUCK, IRON WASHERS, IRON NUTS, CASES BENZINE, TURPENTINE, GALV'D PIPE, 1/2 in. to 2 in., MANILA and SISAL ROPE—All sizes, IRON and STEEL WIRE ROPE, up to 2 in., 2000 lbs. COTTON FISH LINES, CARD MATCHES, BLOCK MATCHES

SHIP CHANDLERY,

GUNS and AMMUNITION of all kinds.

Success Water Filters:

The best in the market, and a thousand other things that people MUST HAVE.

All to be seen at—

E. O. HALL & SON'S,
Cor. King and Fort Sts.

Art Goods.

The demand for colors, both water and oil is the surest indication of a refined taste among the ladies of the Islands. We are in a position to supply the demand.

A full supply of colors, brushes, oils, varnish and canvases always on hand. Picture framing, satisfactory picture framing, is due largely to the taste displayed in the selection of mouldings that will harmonize with the picture. We have the taste and mouldings. Let us give you a suggestion.

King Bros.,

HOTEL STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.,

Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

SPENCERIAN

STEEL PENS

Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF

Durability, Evenness of

Point, and Workmanship.

The Leading Commercial and School Pens in United States. Established 1860

Sold by all Stationers in Hawaiian Ids.

RUBBER

STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

The Daily Advertiser, 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

NORTH BRITISH MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

Total Funds at 31st December, 1895, £12,433,131.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|---|----|---|---|
| Authorized Capital | £5,000,000 | £ | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Subscribed | 2,750,000 | £ | 2 | 7 | 5 |
| Yield up Capital | 1,875,000 | £ | 1 | 8 | 7 |
| 2—Fire Fund | 2,601,016 | £ | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| 3—Life and Annuity Funds | 9,144,614 | £ | 9 | 1 | 4 |
| | | £ | 12 | 4 | 3 |

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

were found dead, having been suffocated during the night.

The Spaniards, with the object of striking terror among the sympathizers of the insurgents, made it a practice to execute their prisoners publicly. The men are taken out in batches and shot before the eyes of any one who desires to witness their death.

The dispatch further says that the insurgents are making headway in the interior.

SPAIN'S FAILURE IN CUBA.

Insurgents Holding Their Own in the Struggle.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The Times this morning publishes the following from its Havana correspondent:

"Careful study for the past four months convinces me that despite serious losses, the rebels are holding their own against the troops. The wealthy agricultural districts are completely under rebel control, and the whole sympathy of the islanders is with the rebels. Even Havana, which is more Spanish than any other town or district, is permeated with animosity toward Spanish rule, and is honeycombed with intrigues on behalf of the rebellion.

"The struggle is prolonged by the facility with which the insurgents obtain ammunition and stores of all kinds from abroad and from every town in Cuba, under the noses of the Spanish officers, with impunity. The seizure of contraband goods is rare.

"It is now too late to compromise by granting reforms. The Cuban insurgents would not now accept full autonomy as the price of yielding their arms. I say this advisedly, after a careful examination of the situation from all points of view. Spain will be compelled to conquer or to abandon the island. This irreconcilable attitude of the rebels is largely due to the wholesale execution of rebels after a summary trial.

"Another reason is the hopeless prospect of a rehabilitation of Cuban credit while the island is under Spanish dominion. Taxation must be heavily increased to pay the burdens of the war. Hence people with vested interests prefer the risks and uncertainties of independence, coupled with the earnest hope that at no distant date Cuba will become a State in the American Union."

ANGLOPHOBIA IN RUSSIA.

The Press Extremely Hostile to England.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg, in his dispatches published yesterday and today, calls attention to the extremely anti-English tone of the Russian press. In contrast to the unusual friendliness displayed toward other nations. "While Russophobia," says the correspondent, "is wanting in England, Anglophobia is gaining in Russia, as instanced even by the Czar's coldness."

The correspondent further recalls that when at the beginning of August the late Prince Lobanoff Rostovskii refused to assist the Bishop of the American Episcopal Church to convey an Anglo-American address to the Czar in favor of the Armenians, the Bishop obtained an audience through other influences, and that when the Czar read the address he did not reply, but merely shook the Bishop's hand.

The Times' Vienna correspondent notes a similar tone on the part of the leading Austrian organs, which accuse England of Machiavelian designs in Turkey.

WAR IN THE SUDAN.

Dervishes Prepared for a Stand Against the British.

FEREIG, Sudan, Sept. 14.—A detachment of the Staffordshire Regiment and the camel corps belonging to the Nile expedition have been southward from here, ahead of the main advance of the expedition, to check the operations of a body of Dervish raiders whose headquarters are at Kormoh, where the Dervishes have concentrated a considerable force for the purpose of making a stand against the British advance.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Chronicle has a dispatch from Fereig, the advance post of the Nile expedition, saying the cavalry reconnaissance toward Kabodi had the first brush with a party of Dervishes who were looting a deserted village. The cavalry killed six of them. The whole party tried to cross the river in boats, but were captured by friendly natives, including the boats and their crews.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

Reply to the Home Secretary for a Request.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The Home Secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, replying to a letter from Henry S. Seymour, secretary of the Maybrick committee, who asked the Home Secretary to accord humane treatment to Mrs. Maybrick on the same ground that it was accorded to the dynamiters, says that the report of the condition of the convict will have the same consideration as the cases of other convicts.

SHIPS OF WAR FOR SPAIN.

New Vessels to be Built on an English Loan.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: "The commission charged with the examination of tenders from English firms for the construction of men-of-war for the Spanish Government has reported in favor of the A.P.S. on account of the one required for construction and defensive power. The said firm undertakes to build a battleship of 11,000 tons in fourteen

months and a cruiser of 5,500 tons in twelve months, with a speed of twenty-one knots, with an armament up to twenty-four centimeters. The price for the battleship is \$900,000 and for the cruiser \$600,000.

THEY WANT BLOOD.

And England Wants Tyndal But Can't Get Him.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—It is said it is impossible to extradite Tyndal on a charge of having been connected with the Phoenix Park murders, as the French statute of limitations intervenes.

BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, Sept. 18.—M. Bossu, Deputy Public Prosecutor, in charge of the case against P. J. P. Tyndal, the alleged Irish dynamite, received a letter today informing him, in the name of the Committee of Invincibles and the Anarchist Brotherhood, that unless Tyndal was released within twenty-four hours he (Bossu) would be blown up with dynamite. The letter was written with a red fluid, believed to be blood.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The records of the Court of Common Pleas show that P. J. P. Tyndal, the dynamite suspect under arrest at Boulogne-sur-Mer, has been a citizen of the United States since August, 1888.

CHILD'S NEW CABINET.

Belief That It Will Not Long Remain Unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The following is from the Times' correspondent at Santiago de Chile: The new cabinet is composed as follows: Senor Zanartu, Minister of the Interior; Senor Putron, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Senor Ibanez, Minister of Justice; Senor Fibros, Minister of Finance; Senor Biaz, Minister of Public Works.

Senor Fibros is a sound conversionist. It is believed, however, that the Ministry will not be a lasting one, owing to the opposition in Chamber to the commission appointed to consider the financial question. It is the general opinion, however, that the conversion of the colony is safe.

PHONES ACROSS THE OCEAN.

A Russian's Long-Distance Invention to Utilize Cables.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—A dispatch from Odessa today says that M. Kildischewsky, an electrician, has discovered an improvement in the telephone, by the use of which distance has no effect on the hearing, and he may be able to 'phone across the Atlantic Ocean. In a recent experiment between Moscow and Rostoff, on the Don, a distance of 800 miles, talking, music and singing were heard with perfect distinctness. An ordinary telegraph wire was used. M. Kildischewsky will go to London to experiment with his improvement on the Atlantic cables between London and New York.

VENEZUELA ONCE MORE.

Official Memorandum that May Lead to Further Controversy.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Times will tomorrow publish a memorandum from Senor Rojas, Venezuelan Minister of Foreign Affairs, relative to Lord Salisbury's note of November, 1895, to Secretary Olney. Senor Rojas, in an introductory letter to Secretary Olney, claims that the memorandum, which was published in Atlanta, Ga., completely refutes the position taken by Lord Salisbury in the Anglo-Venezuelan boundary dispute. The Times ridicules the arguments set forth in the memorandum, but admits that the tone of the document is moderate.

NEW MINISTER FOR JAPAN.

Count Matsukata Succeeds Marquis Ito as Premier.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 18.—Count Matsukata has been appointed Premier in succession to the Marquis Ito, who resigned on August 28th, and who was followed by the rest of the Cabinet on the next day.

In the new Cabinet the Count, besides holding the Premiership, becomes the Minister of Finance, which position he also held in the late Cabinet of Marquis Ito. Viscount Takashima is appointed Minister of War and Count Okuma Minister of Foreign Affairs.

GENERAL WEYLER'S WAY.

How He is Trying to Sustain the Bank of Havana.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Standard from Madrid says that Captain-General Weyler has issued a proclamation which threatens severe penalties for the non-acceptance of the notes of the Bank of Havana at their face value, although they have already suffered a discount of 16 per cent. The Government is enforcing this proclamation despite the resistance of the commercial classes and of the general public of Cuba.

Defeat of the Matibato.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from Fort Salisbury, Matibato, and dated Saturday, says that Major Janner has completely beaten Umtegeza's tribe numbering 5,000 men, at Fort Charter, and has captured all his strongholds. Umtegeza's men surrendered.

Spain to Ship 65,000 Troops.

MADRID, Sept. 11.—In addition to the 100,000 Spanish troops to be embarked early in October for Cuba, 25,000 additional troops are about to be ordered for service in that island.

Czar's Tour Aborted.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 20.—The Czar and Czarina embarked on the imperial yacht Standard which sailed from here

at 12.30 o'clock for Leith, escorted by the Pole Star.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Prince of Wales, Lord Roseberry and Baron de Staal, the Russian Ambassador, accompanied by a number of military and naval officers, visited Leith this afternoon to inspect the arrangements there for the reception of the Czar.

Looking After Trinidad.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 19.—The Brazilian Government will at once send a cruiser to establish the Government's authority on the island of Trinidad, recently surrendered by Great Britain. It is reported that there will be a new leader of the monarchical party at Sao Paulo.

Gladstone May Make a Speech.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15.—Gladstone has written a letter to the Liverpool Reform Club urging the holding of a mass meeting in behalf of the Armenians, and stated that, if desired, it might be possible for him to take part in the proceedings.

Words of the Pope.

ROME, Sept. 18.—The Pope in an apostolic letter proclaims the Anglican ordinations absolutely invalid, and invites Anglicans to return to Catholic unity.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

Insurance against non-employment is an accomplished fact in Cologne. Workmen who have resided two years in that city and are over 18 years of age can join the society. The dues are 6 cents per week. If no employment can be procured for a member during the dull season, 50 cents per day is paid to him if married, 38 cents if single. The city has started a guaranty fund for the society with \$6000 to which \$14,500 has been added by subscriptions among employers. The society hopes to enroll enough members to meet all liabilities likely to occur.

With the decline of the grape crop in France, increased attention has been paid to the cultivation of apples and the production of cider, which has, in a measure, superseded wine as the national drink. Official statistics just published show that there were 678,000,000 gallons of cider produced in France in 1895, being an increase of 197,000,000 gallons over the preceding year.

Among the lower classes in Tenerife the woman is very badly treated, the husband, brother, or even son is a species of petty tyrant, and ninety-nine times in a hundred when on his way to the town in company with his wife and his donkey, he rides the donkey and she carries the burden on her head. A great weight is often so supported.

The city of Paris has just voted the sum of \$2,000,000 for the establishment of homes in Algeria, Tunis and Corsica for the consumptive patients of the metropolitan hospitals. The homes are to be arranged in accordance with the new theories concerning the necessity of isolating patients in the last stages of the malady from those who are not altogether beyond the hope of recovery.

According to reports from St. Petersburg, the relations between Russia and Japan in connection with Corea are more strained now than at any time since Japan's treaty with China. It is added that a peremptory demand has been addressed by the Czar's government to Tokyo, insisting on the immediate withdrawal of Japan from the Korean peninsula.

Dr. Hayes C. French, a San Francisco physician who has recently become an evangelist, has adopted a unique costume for the pulpit. "All my preaching," he says "is done in knickerbockers and a sweater. This is the uniform of the Young Men's Christian Association Cycling Club. The triangle on the breast means spirit, body and mind, the emblems of infinitude."

Dr. John Wesley Gadsen, who has just died in Philadelphia, was known as one of the most skillful veterinary surgeons in the United States. He proved that pleuro-pneumonia was contagious. He was appointed veterinary surgeon by the Department of Agriculture and was an examiner in the Veterinary College in Montreal for several years.

There is a story of Lord Russell addressing a Scotch constituency with a Scotch accent so badly simulated that the audience hooted him. Whereupon he pulled out from under his topcoat a portly bottle and said: "I may not be able to catch your dialect, but I never drink anything but Scotch whisky." This caught the crowd and carried the orator through at the polls.

Mrs. Ellen Wayles Harrison, widow of William Byrd Harrison of Upper Brandon, Va., died on a recent date at the home of Mr. Alexander Randall in Baltimore. Mrs. Harrison was the daughter of the late Thomas Jefferson Randolph of Edge Hall, Albemarle Co., Va., and was the oldest living descendant of Thomas Jefferson.

Two successive attempts have been made at Sofia to blow up with dynamite the tomb of M. Stambuloff, the one-time premier, regent and dictator of Bulgaria. Although all the marble work has been demolished and the cross at the head of the grave shattered to pieces, yet the coffin itself remains uninjured.

The speculators who for several years have been buying up and draining the small lakes of Iowa are in hard luck. The heavy rains have flooded their possessions, and the lakes are again doing business at the old stand, with more vigor than in many years before the droughts came on.

Dr. Carl Peters, the explorer is said to have left Germany for good and to have left directions to have all his af-

airs there wound up, since the sentence of Herr Schroeder, the East African administrator, is fifteen years' imprisonment at hard labor for brutality to the natives.

This fall the Governor's Foot Guard, of Hartford, Conn., will fittingly celebrate the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of its establishment. A story will be prepared of the deeds of this body since it first began its duties of protecting the Excellencies of the Nutmeg State. The members of the organization still wear as a part of their uniform peaked grenadier caps similar to those worn when the body paraded in Hartford for the first time, in 1771.

The wheeling craze is responsible for the introduction into England of an entirely new piece of household furniture. It is an elegantly joined and carved cabinet, which is an ornament either in a boudoir or in a hallway. Primarily the cabinet is a stall for a bicycle. It is fitted with a movable base, and may be so fixed that in bad weather the invigorating exercise of bicycling may be enjoyed within doors.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher has just entered upon her eighty-fifth year, and is remarkably well preserved and vigorous. All the little adornments of her toilet are the work of her own hands, the graceful lace caps trimmed with ribbons, and soft fleecy lace arranged at the neck and wrists.

About twenty years ago there were only about fifteen thousand Jews in Jerusalem; now, however, it is said that the Hebrew population in the City of David numbers between sixty thousand and seventy thousand souls. Throughout Palestine they are buying farms and establishing themselves in a surprisingly rapid manner.

The Tom Hughes memorial fund, which is rapidly accumulating, is to be used for the erection of a life-size statue of Judge Hughes at Huby. Any surplus which may remain will be devoted to the home mission work identified with Rugby.

Dr. H. H. Hale of Detroit carries a walking stick the intrinsic value of which is \$3,000. It was presented to him some years ago by friends in Edinburgh. It is ornamented with gold and jewels and the head contains a fine chronometer.

Books bound in the skin of departed friends are said by the London Figaro to be the fashion now in Paris. So are cigarette cases, tobacco pouches, pocket books and prayer books made of the skin of notorious criminals.

Maximilian, who has just renounced his rights of succession to the throne of Saxony in order to become a priest, will be absolved from his vows in the event of his remaining the sole surviving prince of his house.

Chautauqua is to have another new building, to be known as the Hall of the Christ, the ground for which was consecrated on August 18. The building is to be the most substantial yet erected there.

The Prince of Wales' celebrated "Norwich gates" at Sandringham are considered the finest specimen in the kingdom of wrought iron, delicately embroidered into flowers, fruitful vines and sprays.

Only about a dozen words of genuine English origin end with the letter "a," two dozen with the letter "o," and nearly 5,000 with "y." "Ough" has eight sounds, as up, on o, off, uff, and aut.

Hampton Court's great gold fish is dead. It lived in the central fountain, weighed four pounds, and was probably the largest and oldest specimen of its kind in England.

Bottling cider has become a large industry in France. It is now regarded in France as the most hygienic of all drinks, much more so, indeed, than the best of wines.

Between January and March 49 persons were injured by the slamming of the doors of compartments, and six by falling out of carriages on British railways.

In the Irish constabulary there is a rule in force which forbids the wife of a constable to carry on business as a dressmaker while her husband is in the force.

Ritualism is growing in the English Church. Incense is used in 308 churches against nine in 1882. Lights on the altar are used in 2,598 churches, against 581 in 1882.

No satisfactory evidence of camels existing in a wild state has ever been produced. They have, in fact, been domesticated from the very earliest times.

Titian was the greatest Venetian painter. The chief of a long line of imitators, art critics rank him, with Raphael and Corregio, a prince of the art.

Viennoise society women have taken to swimming in public in the Danube to the great delight of the populace, which watches them from the quays.

For the first time since 1869 the Queen of the Belgians has gone a long visit to France. She is now at Chantilly as the guest of the Duc d'Aumale.

Lohani von Faber of the great pencil-making family, of Nuremberg, left at his recent death half a million dollars to beautify that city.

General Booth has pressed living pictures into the service of the Salvation Army at the great exhibition in London.

England spends 36 times as much in drink as in education.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

HAVE OPENED UP NEW INVOICES OF

Silk Waist Patterns,

IN SIX-YARD LENGTHS

Laces and Embroideries.

THOMPSON'S "GLOVE-FITTING" CORSETS.

French Organdies and Swiss Goods in Dress Lengths.

Give us your name and we will send you a complete assortment of samples.

Napa Soda,

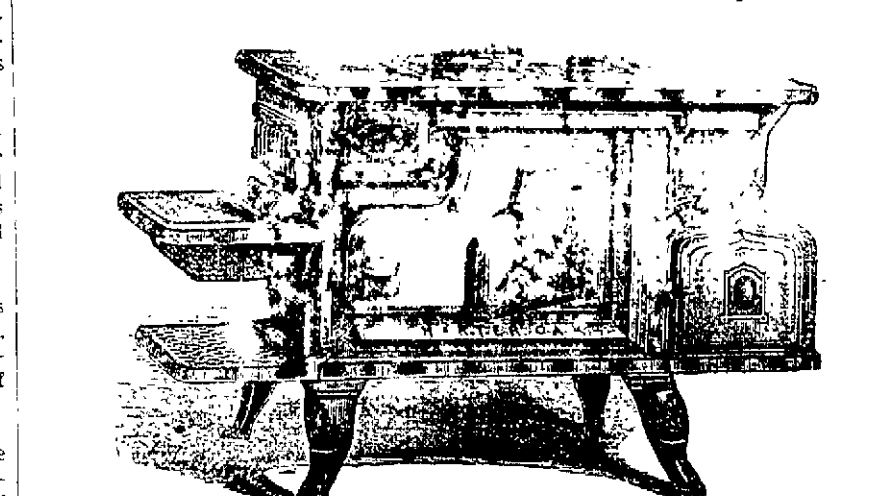
The King of Table Waters,

Is Always Pure, Bright and Sparkling.

EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED BY THE

Hollister Drug Co.

JOHN NOTT,



Wrought Steel Ranges, Chilled Iron Cooking Stoves

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS:

Agate Ware (White, Gray and Nickel-plated), Pumps, Water and Soli Pipes, Water Closets and Urinals, Rubber Hose and Lawn Sprinklers, Bath Tubs and Sinks, O. S. Gutters and Leaders, Sheet Iron Copper, Zinc and Lead, Lead Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

PLUMBING, TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORK. Dimond Block. 75-79 King Street.

PACIFIC HARDWARE Co. Limited.

Agents for DEERE & Co. The largest Plow manufacturers in the world.

The "Secretary" Disc Plow

The Secretary Disc Plow is already an established success. A supply is expected at an early day, as also Rice Plows, Breakers, etc., manufactured especially for this country.

THE VACUUM OILS

Picture Mouldings

Slack & Brownlow's Filters

STRIKERS SHED BLOOD IN LEADVILLE.

State Militia Called Out to Restore Order.

SHIP FOR UNION IRON WORKS.

San Francisco Firm Gets Contract for 30-Knot Boat—Attitude of New York's Democratic Candidate—Stands for Gold and Will Fight on State Issues—Gold Men in Kansas.

LEADVILLE (Col.), Sept. 21.—At 1 o'clock this morning three heavy explosions aroused sleepers in the eastern part of the city for blocks around the Coronado mine, which is the one which first resumed operations and which was heavily barricaded and well stocked with provisions and arms. The explosions were followed by a fusillade of rifle shots, apparently from within the barricade, and rapid but irregular shots from outside, apparently from a widely scattered attacking force, who were on hand to protect the retreat of the dynamiters. The shooting lasted for ten minutes, and all was silent for about five minutes, when desultory firing was renewed, and has been kept up ever since. At this writing (1:45 o'clock) another explosion was heard, sounding like dynamite. Ten minutes after the first explosion a telephone message from the Coronado stated that nobody inside the barricade had been hurt. Since then it has been impossible to reach the Coronado by telephone. This office is now being watched by several bands of men grouped in dark corners and alleys, and this may mean that they propose to prevent any communication with the telegraph offices, the watchers not knowing that we have the leased wire and long distance telephone.

The city is in a panic of fear. County and city officials are out looking after the work of the police and Sheriff. Bullets frequently whistled over this office, and altogether the situation is warlike.

STORY OF THE STRIKE.

How the Leadville Trouble Commenced.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 21.—The miners' strike, of which tonight's lawlessness is the outcome, began three months ago yesterday, when, at 11 at night the men in two or three of the leading mines walked out. The union scale of wages in Leadville was \$3 for everybody, but in 1893, when the price of silver dropped below 60 cents an ounce, an agreement was made that \$2.50 should be accepted for some classes of work until silver should return to 83 cents. This agreement the miners afterward declared was unfair, as many of the mines paid large dividends. It was to enforce the original scale of \$3 that the men struck. About 3,000 men were involved.

Within the last two weeks several mines have resumed work, and this week the output has been 1,200 tons daily, against 2,000 tons before the strike.

MORE TROOPS CALLED OUT.

The Entire State Militia to Take the Field.

DENVER, Sept. 21.—At 2:30 o'clock this morning Sheriff Newman of Leadville and Judge Owens of the District Court of Lake county called upon Governor McIntyre for troops to quell the riot at Leadville. The Governor at once issued the call, and before daylight the entire military force of the State will be en route to the scene of the trouble. The troops from this city, two infantry troops and a battery, will reach Leadville by noon.

3:45 a. m.—Twelve hundred militiamen will be sent to Leadville today. The Governor has issued the order to that effect. At 3:40 o'clock the news that the Emmet and Marion mines had been attacked decided the Governor to intervene with armed force.

Scarcely had the order been issued before a message was received from Sheriff Newman confessing that he was utterly powerless to cope with the situation, that he had been ordered away from the burning mine by the strikers, and that a reign of terror existed.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21, 3 a. m.—Before night Leadville will be converted into a military camp. Troops will be on the way this morning. That much has been decided upon. At a conference held between Judge Owens and Sheriff Newman it was decided to ask for the entire armed force of the State, and word was accordingly wired to the Governor at Denver.

WILL BUILD BIG SHIPS.

Union Iron Works Gets Contract for Torpedo Boats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The reception of proposals for the torpedo boats authorized by the last session of Congress attracted an unusual crowd of boat builders from both coasts of the United States, including many who had not hitherto taken an interest in Government work. Among those present, in addition to the naval officers attached to the department bureau, were Wolfe & Sewick of Portland, Ore., and Henry T. Scott of San Francisco. Secretary Herbert cabled Acting Secretary McAdoo to go ahead and award the contracts for the three battle ships. Formal contracts will therefore be entered into tomorrow with the successful competitors for one ship each—the Newport News Company for \$2,595,000, the Cramps for \$2,550,000 and the Union Iron Works for \$2,674,000. The Union Iron Works contract will be for 30-knot torpedo catchers.

SIZED UP BY MANLEY.

Review of the Result in the State of Maine.

CANTON (O), Sept. 15.—Major McKinley received the following telegram from Augusta, Me., this morning:

I offer you hearty congratulations. This is your triumph. The Republican party has achieved the most sweeping and magnificent victory ever accorded any party in the history of Maine. We have carried every county in the State, elected every State Senator and at least 140 out of 145 members of the House of Representatives, secured every county official, given each the national House of Representatives the largest majority ever recorded, elected our candidate for Governor by the largest majority ever given a candidate for that high office, endorsed the St. Louis platform and declared for McKinley and Hobart by 50,000. The Republican vote exceeds by several thousand the largest Republican majority vote heretofore given and the vote for the Democratic candidate for governor is the smallest cast with one exception, the vote of 1894, which was only 3000 less. We have kept pace with Vermont and proven to the country that the Democratic platform adopted at Chicago will not prevail when met by argument and reason. We have been aided in this great contest by many Democrats, who have placed country above party and who believe that you cannot divide the people into parties on a question of simple morals and common honesty. They share our victory with us. What more could Maine have done for the cause of good government, honest money and protection?

J. H. MANLEY.

NEW YORK DEMOCRACY.

Candidate for Governor Declares for Gold Standard.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 20.—By making an official statement late tonight of his official position upon the financial question, and by declaring in that statement that he is unalterably for gold, John Boyd Thatcher, Democratic nominee for Governor, creates one of the most curious situations ever known in the politics of this State.

The statement was issued after a long conference with Senator Hill, Elliot Danforth, who was at Senator Hill's house, and Herrick, the Democratic leader in this county. It was addressed to the chairman of the State committee. It is believed that this course is approved by Senator Hill, William F. Sheehan and others not in attendance at the State convention, and is intended to try and throw off any nomination of a second Democratic ticket at Brooklyn and enforce a fight at the polls on State issues, leaving the National ticket entirely out of the question. Mr. Thatcher declares that he is against free silver, but will vote for Bryan and Sewall for regularity, and fight the campaign on State issues only.

CONTROLLED BY NEW COMPANY.

North American Review Announces a Change.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The September number of the North American Review makes the announcement of a change in the ownership of the old magazine. David Monroe, who has been connected with the publication for the past seven years, is the president and treasurer of the new company. His association with the magazine began when General Bryce became its owner. The controlling interest in the Review was bequeathed to General Bryce by his friend, Allen Thorndyke Rice, who died suddenly after having been appointed Minister to Russia. General Bryce purchased the remaining interest from the heirs.

AMERICAN WARSHIPS.

Two Vessels to be Added to the Mediterranean Fleet.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The Sun's Washington special says: The assignment of two additional warships to the Mediterranean fleet is accepted as strong evidence of some expected decisive move on the part of some of the European powers in dealing with the Turkish situation, and while it is not admitted even yet that the Bancroft, which sailed today, is under orders to proceed to the Bosphorus, there is no longer the slightest question of her commission and that the Administration proposes that she shall be the United States guard ship of Constantinople, whether the Porte grants the necessary firman or refuses it.

TO BUILD SUGAR FACTORY.

Million-Dollar Company Incorporated at Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18.—The Los Alamitos Sugar Company filed articles of incorporation this morning, its object being to erect and operate a sugar factory. Los Angeles is the principal place of business. The capital stock is \$1,000,000, of which \$400,000 has been subscribed. The incorporators are William A. Clark and Will A. Clark, Jr., of Butte, Mont., and Rose Clark, T. F. Miller and E. F. Dyer of Los Angeles.

TURNING AGAINST REV. BROWN.

Dubuque Congregationalists Rescind Their Former Action.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Sept. 20.—The Dubuque Association of Congregational Churches, which will meet at Strawberry point, Iowa, September 28th and 30th, at the request of the Bay State

Conference, will reconsider the resolutions adopted some months ago censuring the conference for suspending the Rev. C. O. Brown of San Francisco in advance of a verdict of guilty. Rev. Mr. Brown, now in Chicago, will be present to defend himself.

KANSAS GOLD DEMOCRATS

Election for Palmer and Buckner in the Field.

TOPEKA, Kans., Sept. 18.—The executive committee of the gold standard Democracy in Kansas today placed a ticket of presidential electors in nomination in behalf of Palmer and Buckner, but for reasons which were not made public the names will be kept from the press until next Tuesday, when the nomination certificates will be filed with the Secretary of State.

CRICKET AT PHILADELPHIA.

The Australian Players Make Big Scores.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—The Australian and Philadelphia cricket teams met in their first match today. When the stumps were drawn for lunch the Australians had scored 67 runs for two wickets, Griffin (not out) 27, Hill (not out) 7.

New Record for the St. Louis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The American liner St. Louis, which arrived at Southampton today from New York, has made a new record for herself between Sandy Hook lightship and Hurst Castle. Her time on the passage will closely approximate six days, twelve hours and thirty minutes. She has cut nearly an hour from her best previous eastward passage of six days, thirteen hours and twenty-five minutes.

Withdrawals of Gold.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Apart from the withdrawal from the Bank of England of £75,000 in gold for the United States today, a leading broker bought £25,000 in gold in the open market.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Times' financial article expresses the belief that the Bank of France will supply the immediate gold wants of the United States.

In Exchange for Greenbacks.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The Bank of Montreal has deposited \$500,000 and the American National Bank \$100,000 at the sub-treasury in exchange for greenbacks.

The Maine Landslide.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 20.—The vote for Governor and Congressman, as compiled from official returns, shows a plurality for Powers of 48,377, and for Congressman of 49,538.

CO. D VICTORIOUS.

They Win Over Police by a Margin of Two Points.

The match shoot between teams from the ranks of the police and Co. D, N. G. H., took place at the Iwilei butts Saturday afternoon and resulted in a victory for the latter by a margin of 2 points, the scores being 394 and 392 respectively. Following is a list of the teams and their individual scores.

| POLICE. | |
|--------------|----------------|
| Conley | 444554445—41 |
| L. Fernandes | 453434444—40 |
| Willis | 344444444—37 |
| Kalaikini | 544444354—41 |
| Kaimihau | 444444344—40 |
| Pinehaka | 533444344—38 |
| Capt. Kanea | 335453444—40 |
| Kupihua | 44433443443—36 |
| Depty Marsh | |
| Hitchcock | 334335555—40 |
| Capt. Parker | 334344444—36 |
| | 392 |

COMPANY D.

| | |
|--------------|---------------|
| Lemon | 4243444545—40 |
| Amak | 3534344444—38 |
| Vida | 4344444444—40 |
| Zerbe | 4253444442—36 |
| Gere | 344445343—39 |
| Burnette | 445554445—45 |
| Charlock, W. | 444342344—36 |
| Johnson, W. | 534445445—42 |
| Wilder | 445445544—41 |
| McKinnon | 240444444—34 |
| | 394 |

Captain Parker and Pinehaka with 36 and 38 respectively fell way below their usual average and reduced the score of the police. Patrolman Conley made 44 the best in the police team. On the other hand the Co. D men made several low scores, McKinnon breaking the record with 34. The average of the Co. D men is much above 394. Burnette made 45, the highest score of the day.

Should the Kakaako butts be in shape this week the return match between the police and Co. D will take place there on Saturday. If not, the Iwilei butts will be used.

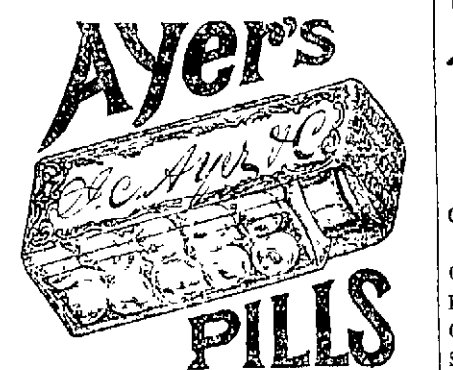
Owing to over-crowding and bad ventilation, the air of the schoolroom is often close and impure, and teachers and pupils frequently suffer from lung and throat troubles. To all such we would say, try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For coughs, colds, weak lungs and bronchial troubles no other remedy can compare with it. Says A. C. Freed, Superintendent of Schools, Prairie Depot, Ohio: "Having some knowledge of the efficacy of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, I have no hesitation in recommending it to all who suffer from coughs, lung troubles, etc." For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Benson, Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

There are in Paris 8000 women who are heads of mercantile houses.

CODE TO THE DOLLAR.

How dear our hearts is the old silver dollar as some kind subscriber presents to our view the liberty head without necktie or collar and all the strange things that seem to us new—the wide-spreading eagle, the arrows below it, the stars and the words and the strange things they tell. The coin of our fathers' we're glad that we know it, for some time or other 'twill come in right well—the spreadeagle dollar, the star-spangled dollar, the old silver dollar we love so well.—Ex.



Cure DYSPEPSIA, Cure BILIOUSNESS, Cure CONSTIPATION, Cure SICK HEADACHE.

Are Purely Vegetable, Are Sugar Coated, Are Mild but Effective.

Good for the Stomach, Good for the Liver, Good for the Bowels.

THERE ARE NO OTHER PILLS

SO GOOD AS

AYER'S PILLS.

Highest Awards at the World's Great Expositions.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY Limited.

Metropolitan Market KING STREET.

Choicest Meats From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

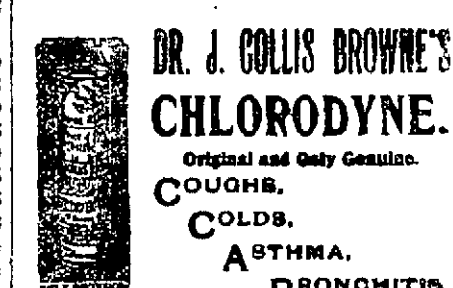
Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many unscrupulous imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles of 1s. 1/4d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell St. London, W. C.

E. O. HALL & SON, Limited.

Have Just Received from New York and England a fine lot of

CUT and GALVANIZED NAILS and SPIKES, WIRE NAILS, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, HAY CUTTERS, HAY FORKS, CYLINDER CHURNS, SHOVELS and SPADES, CAST STEEL, BAR IRON, GALV'D SHEET IRON, GALV'D BUCKETS and TUBS, CART AXLES, DOOR LOCKS, HANDLED AXES and HATCHETS, IRON and BRASS SCREWS (2000 gross, assorted), COFFEE MILLS, CORN MILLS, BLACK RIVETS, HINGES, LAWN MOWERS, HORSE SHOES and HORSE NAILS, MOPS, BROOMS, PADLOCKS, CROWBARS, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, SCALES, SAND PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WHEEL BARROWS, TRUCKS, 3000 YDS. SAIL DUCK, IRON WASHERS, IRON NUTS, CASES BENZINE, TURPENTINE, GALV'D PIPE, 1/2 in. to 2 in., MANILA and SISAL ROPE—All sizes, IRON and STEEL WIRE ROPE, up to 2 in., 2000 lbs. COTTON FISH LINES, CARD MATCHES, BLOCK MATCHES

New Goods

Among them you will find:

SHIP CHANDLERY, GUNS and AMMUNITION of all kinds. Success Water Filters: The best in the market, and a thousand other things that people MUST HAVE. All to be seen at—

E. O. HALL & SON'S, Cor. King and Fort Sts.

Art Goods.

The demand for colors, both water and oil is the surest indication of a refined taste among the ladies of the Islands. We are in a position to supply the demand

A full supply of colors, brushes, oils, varnish and canvas always on hand.

Picture framing, satisfactory picture framing, is due largely to the taste displayed in the selection of mouldings that will harmonize with the picture. We have the taste and mouldings. Let us give you a suggestion.

King Bros.,

HOTEL STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

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STEEL PENS

Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.

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NORTH BRITISH MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

Total Funds at 31st December, 1895, £12,433,131

| | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|----|---|
| Authorized Capital | £5,000,000 | s | d |
| Subscribed | 2,750,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Paid up Capital | 2,601,016 | 2 | 9 |
| 2—Pure Profit | 9,144,814 | 19 | 5 |
| 3—Life and Annuity Funds | | | |
| | £12,433,131 | 2 | 2 |

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR

FIRE, LIFE and MARINE

INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, £3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.,

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stores and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks - 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies - 101,650,000

Total reichsmarks - 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks - 8,830,000

Capital their reinsurance companies - 35,000,000

Total reichsmarks - 43,830,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd.,

Life and Fire

Insurance Ag'ts.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Boston.

Elia Fire Insurance Company

Of Hartford.

RUBBER STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

The Daily Advertiser, 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

**ROBERT J. LOSES HIS
PEACOCK FEATHERS.**

Star Pointer Lowers the World's
Record for Horses.

CONSUL GENERAL LEE'S DENIAL

Trouble for Illinois Gold Democrats—Jones' Big Majority—Beet Sugar Makers Meet—Mails Closed to Bucket Shops—Cruelty to Sailors. Sugar Refinery Destroyed—Testing Guns.

MEDFORD (Mass.), Sept. 18.—Star Pointer, at Mystic Point this afternoon, not only bested two accredited faster horses, Robert J. (2:02½) and Frank Agan (2:03¼), but paced the three fastest heats ever made in competition, the time being 2:02½, 2:03 1-3, and 2:03¾, an average of 2:03¼. He also lowered the world's record for the fastest heat ever paced, 2:02½, as well as the records for the fastest quarter and half—29¾ and 59¾ seconds respectively.

The race between the three pacers was phenomenal, for while in the first heat Robert J. was beaten by ten lengths, in the next two he was close on the leaders, coming in second in the third heat. Frank Agan, in the whole race, was never a length behind, and at one time was a nose to the good. Star Pointer, however, managed to go under the wire first in every heat, and must have had something in reserve, for McCleary never raised his whip in the three heats.

It was shortly after 2 o'clock when the gong ran for the pacers. Robert J. was the favorite, 100 to 200, with Agan 65 to 200, and Star Pointer 35 to 200. Star Pointer had the pole, and after two attempts the three were sent away well bunched. The pace from the start was terrific, much too fast for Robert J., who dropped behind the other two, being five lengths in the rear at the first quarter, which was made in 29¾ seconds. Pointer and Agan were neck and neck all the way down the back stretch, making the half in 0:59¾, with Robert J. still further behind. The three-quarter pole was reached in 1:31½, with Pointer slightly in the lead and notwithstanding the fact that McCarthy applied the whip, the son of Flora could not reach Pointer, and the two rushed under the wire in the record-breaking time of 2:02½. Robert J. was ten lengths behind.

The second heat was still more exciting, Frank Agan poked his nose in front of Pointer in the back stretch, but it was only for a moment, and with a little burst of speed Pointer soon regained his place. Robert J. showed up much better in this heat and was closed on Agan all the way through. The quarter was made in 0:31, the half in 1:02, the third in 1:33 and the mile in 2:03¾.

In the third heat Pointer lead from the start, but Robert J. managed to overtake Agan at the three-quarter pole and the last furlong was the most exciting of the whole day. Pointer, however, won the heat and race by a nose in 2:03¾, and the three-quarters in 1:32½.

FORTS VANQUISH FLEETS.

Result of the Secret Maneuvers of the German Warships.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—Never before in their history have the German naval maneuvers, either in the Baltic or the German ocean, been conducted with so much secrecy as during the autumn of the present year, to prevent, as far as possible, accurate reports of the evolutions reaching the press. The maneuvers, which lasted three weeks, were ended last Tuesday at Heligoland. The evolutions there commenced on Sunday, and consisted in an attempt on the part of seven ships, including three huge ironclads, to effect a landing, but they were driven off by the effective fire from a battery of howitzers placed there last summer by the command of Emperor William. The long range Krupp fortification guns were also tested by Commodore Stubenrauch, the commander of the island. It was shown that a single shot from one of these big guns at a distance of over a mile can instantly disable the most powerful ironclad. On Tuesday night the fleet was declared hors du combat.

The army maneuvers just concluded were prolific of fatal and serious accidents, owing to the weather and the bad roads. Count von Kanits of the Fourth Dragoons had a fatal fall during a charge, and seven other cavalry officers were seriously injured.

AT WASHINGTON'S TOMB.

Justice Russell of England Plants Tree at Mount Vernon.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The visit of Lord Chief Justice Russell of England to Mount Vernon and the tomb of Washington today, which was memorized by his planting a tree, was quite a pleasurable event, although the Supreme Court was represented only by Justice Harlan, and the Cabinet by Secretary Francis and Attorney General Harmon.

The superintendent at Mount Vernon, in pointing out the different trees planted from time to time in commemoration of particular events, indicated a flourishing tree which he said had been planted to commemorate the work of the Alabama Claims Commission, which, it will be recalled, mulcted Great

Britain in \$15,000,000 for the losses occasioned by the Confederate cruiser Alabama.

"That is a tender subject," said Justice Harlan to the superintendent, "and I would not have mentioned it."

"Not at all," quickly rejoined Lord Russell. "However iniquitable the award, it was promptly and certainly paid."

Justice Harlan did not retort, as he might, that shortly thereafter Great Britain eulchered the United States out of \$6,000,000 on admittedly unjustifiable claims.

Lord Russell was jolly and said he felt like making a political speech, but finally desisted, saying: "I guess I won't make that speech, for I might detract from the speech Bryan intends to deliver tomorrow."

THAT ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

General Duffield Gives Some Opinions of His Observations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—General Duffield, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, has just returned to his duties in Washington after an extended trip along the Pacific coast and through parts of Alaska. He said: "The question of the exact termination of the boundary line is now pretty well settled. All doubts cast by reference to 'mountain chains or ranges' near the coast, along the panhandle, have been disposed of, as it has been found that there are only two groups of elevations that can be even remotely considered as mountain chains, the one being the Mount St. Elias chain and the other the Treadwell chain. The first is conceded to be on British soil, while the latter cannot be brought into discussion with any dignity, as it is simply a group of peaks. The maps prepared by the joint commission named by this country and Great Britain to explore the country are now in the hands of the two governments, and I have just been informed that negotiations are about completed looking to the selection of a joint commission to strike the line between the two countries from the maps submitted."

"The commission named to prepare the maps went into the field so divided in each case that each American party had a British representative, while an American was present in each British surveying party to look after the interests of this country. As a result absolute fairness was secured, and the results can be depended on for accuracy. The gold thus far found is all west of the meridian line, and so far none has been discovered in the possessions of her majesty. The placer mining is all done along the head waters of Birch creek, Forty-mile creek and Six-mile creek. Birch creek is, I judge from my observations, wholly west of the line. Forty-mile creek crosses the line into British territory before emptying into the Yukon, as do also the western head waters of Sixty-mile creek, but no gold has been found in either stream on the British side of the line, all operations being confined to the field near the sources of these creeks."

TRYING TO GET WEYLER.

Determinee to Make Any Sacrifice to Capture the Spanish Commander.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The Herald's Havana special (via Key West) says: The Cuban chiefs have determined to make any sacrifice to effect Captain General Weyler's capture.

It is rumored here that Captain General Weyler will soon take command of the Spanish forces in Pinar del Rio, with the intention of expelling Maceo from the province. If this is true, hard fighting is expected on account of the strong position held by the insurgents.

The rebel leader, Maceo, has left his stronghold in the mountains and is encamped with a large force on the Danes estate, south of Pinar del Rio City. An attack on that city is momentarily expected.

Puerto Principe advises report that General Gomez was encamped on September 7th in Guasimas de Agramonte with fifteen cavalry squadrons, and he was marching westward. It appears that he has initiated the march to the western provinces.

The Government is now rushing its troops to the central part of the trocha, near Jucaro and Morona, to prevent the insurgents crossings. It is reported that Mayia Rodriguez, with 1,500 men, forming Gomez' vanguard, crossed the line recently and is now on the borders of Sancti Spiritus and Santa Clara provinces.

MUST ADOPT A NEW NAME.

Trouble in Store for Illinois Gold Democrats.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Secretary of State Hinrichsen gave it out today that the gold-standard Democrats will have to adopt another name in order to get their ticket on the official ballot. "No petition taken out in the name of the Independent Democratic party shall be certified to while I am Secretary of State," said Mr. Hinrichsen.

He said that he had been looking up the law relating to the filing up of petition and finds that a voter can sign the petition of but one elector. The gold-standard Democrats have, however, already prepared petitions for all their candidates, so no technical objection can be raised as to their legal right to be placed on the official ballot.

JONES' BIG MAJORITY.

Official Returns From the Recent Arkansas Election.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), Sept. 17.—Complete official returns from the recent election show the following vote for Governor: Jones (Dem.), 91,121; Rummel (Rep.), 35,836; Files (Pop.), 13,889; Miller (Pro.), 742. Total vote, 141,120. The vote in 1892, before the poll-tax law was enacted, was as follows: Flashback (Dem.), 80,115; Car-

nahan (Pop.), 31,117; Whipple (Rep.), 23,541; Nelson (Pro.), 1,319. Total vote, 156,186.

The vote in 1894, held under the present poll-tax law, resulted: Clark (Dem.), 74,809; Rummel (Rep.), 26,985; Barker (Pop.), 24,541; Miller (Pro.), 1,551. Total vote, 128,986.

NEW COMMANDER OF G. A. R.

Major Clarkson Served Through the Entire Civil War.

Thaddeus Stevens Clarkson, the new Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was born at Gettysburg, Pa., in 1840. He was educated three miles from the great battlefield of Antietam. He enlisted April 16, 1861, within two hours after the appearance of President Lincoln's call for 75,000 men, in Company A, First Illinois Artillery. He went to Cairo,



COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF CLARKSON

served under General Grant there, re-enlisted for the war July 16, 1861, was promoted December 1, 1861, to Adjutant of the Thirtieth Illinois Cavalry; served with that regiment and on the staff of General John W. Davidson, participating in the battles with that command on the march to Helena and Little Rock, Ark. He was assigned to command it during the Arkansas campaign. In August, 1863, he assisted in raising the Third Arkansas Cavalry of Union white men; was promoted to Major, and commanded the regiment until nearly the close of the war, participating in nearly all the battles in Arkansas under General Steele. On November 11, 1862, he was married to Mary Beecher Matterson, and today has five children.

Major Clarkson went to Nebraska, settling in Omaha, with his brother, the late Bishop Clarkson, in March, 1866, and has lived in that State nearly ever since, and in Omaha twelve years, being now engaged in the real estate business. He was Postmaster of Omaha during the Harrison administration.

Major Clarkson has been on the executive committee of the national council of administration of the Grand Army of the Republic for three consecutive years. He was elected department commander of Nebraska by acclamation at the encampment in February, 1890. He is also commander of the Loyal Legion of Nebraska.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN PLANS.

Itinerary Mapped Out for Bryan and Other Speakers.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Chairman McConville of the Democratic National Speakers' Bureau has given out the following itinerary for Bryan: Will leave New York at midnight September 28th, Washington early in the morning of September 30th, Martinsburg at 11 a. m., Keyser at 3 p. m., Clarksburg at 9 a. m., October 1st—Parkersburg at 2 p. m., Wheeling at midnight, Charleston at 10:30 a. m., October 2d, and Huntington at 1 p. m. He will then go to Cincinnati, thence to St. Louis, where he addresses the Silver Democratic Clubs October 3d. October 5th he will be at Memphis in the morning and at Nashville in the evening.

During the remainder of October Mr. Bryan will make speeches in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska. Among the assignments of speakers of national reputation made by Chairman McConville are the following: Senator Teller will make five speeches in Kentucky this week and next, after which he will make five speeches in Ohio. Ex-Governor Boies of Iowa and Congressman Towns of Minnesota will speak at Sioux Falls, S. D., September 23d. General James E. Weaver and Congressman J. W. Bailey of Texas will also speak in Kentucky.

Big Guns to be Tested.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 20.—For almost a month past Colonel Rawstorne, commandant of the new forts at Esquimalt, has been waiting impatiently for the fog to lift in order to make an official trial of the big guns of the stronghold. They have already been tested for structural defects and found perfect, but the authorities feared to make the customary service trials in thick weather, for the reason that the projectiles with the necessary overcharge might possibly strike the American ships under Admiral Beardslee, lying just across the straits at Port Angeles. The American war ships are moving out, the Monterey being dispatched to San Francisco, the flagship Philadelphia coming over to Esquimalt, and others of the squadron paying visits to Sound cities.

Consul-General Lee's Alleged Denial.

HAVANA, Sept. 19.—General Fitzhugh Lee, the United States Consul-General here, interviewed today by a representative of "La Luche" about the widely circulated report charging General Weyler with having had a notice posted at the Las Cabañas directing that General Lee should be arrested if he visited the fortress, and the statements frequently made that he was not permitted to visit the American prisoners incarcerated in the forts

near Havana and that therefore he could not accept information as to the health and conditions of these prisoners, he reported as denying the truth of these allegations.

Cruelty to Sailors.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—Sixteen members of the crew of the British ship Warren, Captain Kitchen, which has just arrived, have preferred charges against the captain, second mate and steward, which, if true, indicate unusual brutality and cruelty. The complaint of the men in substance is that on several occasions when sailing from Manila last December the second mate and steward beat the men unmercifully with belaying pins, besides setting the captain's dog on them. The dog, according to the crew, is a ferocious Russian hound, trained especially to terrorize the men on board the ship.

Beet Sugar Makers Meet.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—At the national meeting of beet-sugar manufacturers in this city this week a resolution was adopted asking the Reichstag to amend the existing law so as to eliminate the paragraph restricting and localizing the amounts manufactured by each factory. The Directors were also requested to prepare a plan for creating a German sugar syndicate "in view of the dire needs of the industry," and the Government was also asked to bring an international agreement with France and Austria for the abrogation of direct and indirect export bounties.

Mails Closed to Bucketshops.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Post-office Department today issued an order prohibiting the use of the mails to the bucketshop operators of Chicago. There are about sixty firms and persons against whom the order has been issued. The Postoffice Inspector has reported on several cases where persons have been swindled and cites one instance of an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Quincy who sent \$200 and lost it all.

Corbett and Fitz.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The World this morning says: Corbett and Fitzsimmons were indicted by the Grand Jury yesterday and warrants were issued. As the indictments are only for a misdemeanor the pugilists will not be arrested unless they should be found in this State. In the indictments Corbett and Fitzsimmons are accused of having violated the law so far as it relates to the furtherance of a prize fight.

Big Sugar Refinery Burns.

MONCTON N. B., Sept. 20.—Fire was discovered in the charhouse of the Moncton Sugar Refinery at 7 o'clock this evening. Within two hours only the bare walls were left standing. The refinery was owned by the Arcadia Sugar Refining Company, with headquarters in Halifax, and is said to be insured for \$300,000, but the loss will exceed that figure.

Old Glory Hoisted at Mary Island.

ASTORIA, Ore., Sept. 18.—Private advices received heretoday state that the stars and stripes were hoisted at Mary Island, Alaska, on the 10th inst., by a party of United States engineers which recently went north on the steamer Manzanita. Four stations were established on Portland canal and a force of workmen left at each to complete the buildings.

Stevenson Will Preside.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Vice President Stevenson has informed Secretary Gardner of the Association of Bryan Clubs that he will accept the association's invitation to preside at the club's convention in St. Louis on October 3d. The club officials count upon an attendance of 10,000 delegates.

Mrs. Potter Sets a Fashion.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Mrs. Jas. Brown-Potter has set the craze in Melbourne, Australia, for women to wear their hair parted on one side, and hundreds of society women in that part of the world have now discarded frizzes in order to adopt the Potter coiffure.

Senator Smith Holds.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 18.—United States Senator Smith announced today that being unable to reconcile his views with the platform of the Democratic National Convention, he will resign the Chairmanship of the State Convention.

WHALER HIDALGO ASHORE.

Will Suffer Heavy Loss Unless Outfit is Saved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—News reached this city today by private letter to the effect that the ancient whaling brig Hidalgo, which is owned here, is ashore at Point Hope, on the Bering sea coast.

The letter was sent to the firm of Bruce, Bowne & Co., who, with Captain Lew Williams of Oakland, owned the vessel. The writer was a Point Hope trader, who deals with the firm. His missive was painfully brief, simply relating the fact that the venerable whaler was ashore. The owners believe they are safe in inferring, however, that Captain Gifford and his men experienced no difficulty in getting safely to land. The theory of the owners is that the Hidalgo was caught in an ice pack and forced upon the beach. If this is the case they believe they will have a chance to save the brig's valuable outfit, even though the vessel herself may be given up for lost.

The Hidalgo was probably the oldest whaler on the coast. She was built in 1855 at East Machias, Me. After a few years of service as a trader on the Atlantic coast she was brought to this side, and for a long time was engaged in the lumber trade between this port and Eureka. Then she was converted into a whaler and has ever since been going up to the Arctic regularly every season. The Hidalgo only registered

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

175 tons, and owing to her age no very great value was attached to her. Nevertheless the owners will suffer a heavy loss unless the outfit is saved, for they carried no insurance on the craft. The officers of the Hidalgo on her last voyage were Charles F. Gifford, master; John Wells, first mate; John Francisco, second mate; Chris Sten, third mate; Frank Graham, boat-steerer; Pedro Lopes, boat-steerer; Joe Katch, steward.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

C. Bosse and H. A. Isenberg are now authorized to sign the firm name of H. Hackfeld & Co.

A child of H. M. Dow fell from a horse on Wednesday and has a broken arm in consequence.

Mariners believe a lighthouse on the site of the present signal station would be of great service.

A commission was yesterday issued to David Kua as District Magistrate at Kawaihae, Hawaii.

Frank Lake, for years a compositor on the daily papers in this city, is now a reporter on the Hawaii Herald.

The scheme for floating \$50,000 worth of stock in a Manoa Coffee Plantation has been abandoned for the present.

Prof. Koebele and R. L. C. Perkins, the "buggists," are doing Maui. Mr. Perkins will finish his labors here in a few months and leave for his home in England in March.

The engagement of Miss Alice Kimball of Oakland to A. J. Campbell, the manager of Mark Robinson's banana plantation, is announced. It will be remembered that Miss Kimball visited at the Wilder home, Eschbank, when she was here several months ago.

Following are the figures representing the mail that passed through the post office on Thursday, Sept. 24th. Island letters and papers included: Received—Letters, 18,097; papers, 10,430. Despatched—Letters, 13,612; papers, 3,149. Some of the postal clerks were at work twenty-one hours.

The attention of planters, ranchers and others throughout the group is called to the announcement of Richards & Schoen, the Hilo harness and saddle manufacturers. The goods manufactured by this firm have acquired a reputation all over the islands and are always in demand. Orders by mail or telephone faithfully attended to.

His Light Went Out.

MR. EDITOR:—Please allow me space to correct a misstatement which appeared in your paper on Thursday morning, September 24, which is misleading and causing unjust criticism. Mr. Canavarro was not "riding a wheel without a light" on last Wednesday evening. He had a light which had just been extinguished by a puff of wind, and the lamp was still hot when the officer made the arrest.

AN EYE-WITNESS.

Drilled by the Marshal.

There was a full turnout of the members of the Mounted Patrol and the Mounted Reserve at the old Makiki base ball grounds Saturday afternoon, where they were drilled by Marshal

Brown in movements by fours, platoons, troops, squads and in skirmish movements, in which blank cartridges were used.

The men were divided up into two companies of twenty men, with three officers each, and made a good showing as they executed the various movements.

Hereafter drills of a similar nature will be held once every three weeks.

AN OFFICIAL CALL.

Minister Cooper and Captain Bayle Exchange Courtesies.

At 2 p. m. Monday afternoon Mons. Louis Vossion, the Commissioner for France, and Mons. Vizzavona, Chancellor of the Legation, with Captain Bayle, Chief of the French Naval Department of the Pacific and command of the Fran Duguay Trouin, and Lieutenant Albert Huguet called at the Executive building and were presented by Major Potter to Minister of Foreign Affairs Cooper.

During the call Capt. Bayle said he had been specially commissioned by the French Government to call at this port and salute the flag of the Republic of Hawaii, which he did cause to be done upon arrival. He extended his congratulations for the manner in which matters of importance had been carried on under the Republic. It was a matter of gratification to the French Republic to know that none of her subjects had been in any way connected with the rebellion of 1895, and that during that trouble the French missionaries had been left in peace to go on about their spiritual work unmolested.

The French Government now refuses to take certain French silver coins, among them those bearing the effigy of Charles X, Louis Philippe, and those of Napoleon III which have no laurel crown.

Sleep

Induced by the use of opium, opiate or narcotic compounds is bad, decidedly bad. It undermines the health and shatters the constitution and the patient is steadily growing into a worse condition—often resulting in the terrible slavery and misery of the cocaine and opium habit. Sleep induced by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla may not come as quickly, but it comes more surely, permanently and is

Sweet

And refreshing because it is realized through nature's great restoring and rejuvenating channel—purified, vitalized and enriched blood. This feeds the nerves with life-giving energy and builds up the system and constitution from the very foundation of all health and life—the blood—pure, rich, red blood.

Refreshing

"I was generally run down last spring, appetite was poor and I could not sleep. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me right up, gave good appetite and I was soon able to get a good night's rest." G. F. WHITNEY, Merchant, Yeomans St., Ionia, Michigan.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

Hood's Pills

HOBRON DRUG COMPANY,
Wholesale Agents.

S. T. ALEXANDER H. P. BALDWIN

ALEXANDER & BALDWIN

Commission Merchants,
NO. 3 CALIFORNIA STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO

Island Orders Promptly Filled.

RICHARDS & SCHOEN,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN:

HARNESS AND SADDLES, ETC.

A Complete Line constantly in stock consisting of Single and Double Harness, Plantation Team Harness, Cart Harness, Whips, Bridles, Robes, Blankets, Brushes and Carriage Trimmings.

FINE ENGLISH and MEXICAN SADDLES

A Specialty. Made to Order.

Our Goods have acquired a reputation all over the Islands. Nothing but the best material is put into them, and only experienced and competent workmen are employed in the manufacture of our wares.

Orders by Mail or Telephone Promptly and Faithfully Attended to.

RICHARDS & SCHOEN, HILO, HAWAII.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

OVER THE TEA CUPS

Soon the time will be ripe for a treatise on the Rise and Fall of Big Sleeves. Alas for the future that relegates them to the past! I love the big sleeve—the sleeve that falls in generous outlines like those that Gibson pictures so tellingly, something between a full leg of mutton and the long puff. Over this I say my benediction. "May your shadow never grow less!"

Yes, I love the big sleeve. Not the huge, stiff balloon, nor yet the fat mutton-leg that looks as solid as its name sake. I must confess, however, to little love for the clinging armful of gathers that droop dejectedly over the hand like a collapsed balloon. Such a sleeve does not fit the modern woman. It should be worn by the lackadaisical fainting female of the early novelists, the incarnation of the clinging vine. No, I prefer the sleeve with character—one not too severe in its lines, nor too ornate. The breadth is better at the shoulders, or a little below, than at the elbows. Wide elbows are wholly incongruous. They suggest the narrow shoulders of the ivy type of woman joined to arms akimbo of the athletic new bachelor maid, determined to make her way through the crowd or die in the attempt.

The drooping bishop sleeve must be attached to a stiff cuff, to be "strong," (to quote the one word now the fad in art criticism). Otherwise it seems gasping for starch, and will call for the tightening of the belt. If a full sleeve is left to fall from shoulder to wrist with no cuff or band, the objectionable droop is avoided, and you have art, pure and simple.

The big sleeve that I admire has a certain harmony, a mystery, an artistic carelessness that is not slovenliness, and a comfort for the wearer no coat-sleeve can afford.

It is said that the fashion-makers, comic-newspaper men and storekeepers have been the only ones to profit by the large sleeves. Not only these. Every woman over-blessed with averdupoise has been glad to adopt the wrinkled corsage and the kindly folds of the big sleeve. Every woman who has sighed in vain for additional flesh has blessed the big sleeves which conceal the suggested bones, though they be beautiful as Tribby's. Most of all has the big sleeve been a luxury to the women who have adopted the Jenness-Miller system of rational dress. Those who would not constrict their waists have been nobly supported by the arm drapery, and they will be the last to lay aside this custom. Will they, can they ever go back to the long, plain, tight old coat-sleeve? Rather let it be consigned to fashion plates for men, there to stay as long as women wear skirts!

As a basis for artistic gowning the big sleeve has no rival. Effects can be secured in the form, not merely in senseless trimmings. The big sleeves have often been hideous. I admit, but generally when propped up by unwieldy linings, when worn in a smooth, tight bodice, or when accompanied by a diminutive waist-measure. They have been mangled in the making by unskilled hands. They have been most uncomfortable when one needed to wear an outside garment with other big sleeves, but they have permitted greater freedom in dress, greater variety of style, and greater freedom of movement.

Their chief moral value lies in the encouragement they give to the natural figure. Do you think it merely an accident that the "great waist" came into the Paris fashions after a long run of big sleeves? I tell you it was a logical outcome of big sleeves, and the sanest mode ever adopted. It makes for health, for comfort, for the up-building of women, and through them of civilized races. Thanks to the big sleeve, the woman with the normal waist-measure may be comfortably and charmingly attired. With the tight coat-sleeves, on the contrary, which implies flat trimmings and close fitting bodices, common sense women were always poorly gowned.

In his "How to Live on the Hawaiian Islands," Dr. Russell speaks wisely about dress. He praises the holoku none too highly, nor does he condemn too strongly the prevalent tight dressing. I find it more than uncomfortable and unhygienic; in this climate at least it is atrociously inartistic, because it is not adapted to existing conditions. What reason can there be in the tight, thick tailor-made gown, its rows and rows of steels, its skirt that stands alone? How differently people look at the human body! Physicians find no need in it for three or four spinal columns, but consider their absence in front and at the sides as a provision for expansion of organ, freedom of motion and unimpeded circulation. The stay maker, on the contrary, finds a providential call for his trade! Frances Power Cobbe says she believes in women till she sees the fashion plate. I believe in them till I consider the corset. Then I doubt.

Our dressmakers, who live by fashion plates, are tyrants ever, but only to please us the better. They know we wish to be well dressed, and this is their way of accomplishing our wish. They decide what measurements are in fashionably ratio to our height, and

make our gowns on that scale (all in the same mould). Our part is the simpler—to be cast into them like so much metal. Then if we should add ten pounds to our weight we must even think of enlarging our dresses. Oh, no! We must just squeeze into them, regardless! Even dressmakers are amenable to reason, and are willing to be educated, provided the would-be teacher displays a spark of artistic originality. Let us teach our dressmakers, then, that in our gowns they must consider first comfort, which is health; then beauty; last of all "style," which is fad.

Physicians still have some little influence in the matter, the teachers of vocal and physical culture still more, but most of all can be done by women who have taste and means to dress well and who can study to be fashion plates for their poorer sisters who wish to dress wisely and well. Last of all comes the unconscious bicycle, the greatest dress-reformer in the world, who is showing to women that well developed nature is the highest embodiment of the human form divine. SIBYL.

Mrs. Swanzy delighted a number of young people in a moonlight bathing party to Miss Field and Miss Stubbs of San Francisco at the Waikiki home of Mrs. Wilder on the evening of Friday, September 18th. After bathing had been indulged in to the heart's content supper was served on the verandas and upon the lawn where everything was arranged for comfort and ease. A band of native singers near by added to the delight of the evening.

Miss Bertha Young entertained a number of her friends in a tennis party at her home on King street Saturday afternoon from 4 to 6. Light refreshments were served on the lawn during the progress of the exciting games of tennis.

The engagement of Mary E. Rickard, daughter of W. H. Rickard of Honolulu, to L. de L. Ward of Wm. G. Irwin & Co., is announced.

Miss Young gave a bicycle party for a number of young friends last Monday evening. A delightful time was spent.

SUFFERED FOR YEARS.

Almost Constant Pain the Portion of a Woman.

She at Last Found a Remedy Which Baffled Disease.

From the Press, New York City

Few people have suffered more from pain in the back than Mrs. Lillie B. Newell of No. 2313 Second Avenue, New York City. For several years she was so afflicted with this distressing malady that she was hardly able to get around, and could do little to care for her children which made her suffering all the harder to bear. Her husband, Charles Newell, who is a well-known New York optician, tried in every way to find a remedy for his wife, but no medicine seemed to have the power to remove her pain.

Mrs. Glynn, a sister of Mrs. Newell, is a professional nurse, and was familiar with the symptoms of her sister's sickness. Mrs. Newell was away on a visit when a reporter called upon her, but Mrs. Glynn, who lives at No. 416 East One-hundred-and-twentieth street told the story of her sister's recovery. A doctor was called when Mrs. Newell's condition became serious and he prescribed small pink pills which, in a short time, relieved the woman's pain as no other medicine had done. "After awhile," Mrs. Glynn told the reporter, "we learned that the medicine the physician was giving my sister was nothing more than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Knowing by experience how excellent a remedy these pills were, Mrs. Newell bought some at a drug store and continued taking them. The effect was most gratifying, for in six months my sister was perfectly well and the pain in her back was nothing more than an unpleasant memory. Both she and I have recommended the Pink Pills to other people, who have not failed to find them all that is claimed. All the doctors my sister had been treated by, before taking the pills, had done her no apparent good."

The proprietors of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills state that they are not a patent medicine but a prescription used for many years by an eminent practitioner who produced the most wonderful results with them, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of almost every ill to which flesh is heir. The pills are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, bearing down pains, etc., and in the case of men will give speedy relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. They are entirely harmless and can be given to weak and sickly children with the greatest good and without the slightest danger. Pink Pills are sold by Hollister Drug Co., Hobron Drug Co., wholesale agents for Hawaiian Islands, and all dealers in medicine.

The value of the cotton exported from the New Orleans harbor last year was nearly \$75,000,000

FROM HILO TOWN.

Callings From the Second City's Journal

Arbor Day Appropriately Celebrated Races and Baseball Commissioner Hawes' Visit New Machinery.

[Hawaii Herald.]

Arbor day was celebrated in town by sports of various kinds. A ball game in the morning between the Waialeas and the Lahuis was won by the latter by a score of twenty to nineteen. The yacht race was taken by L. Severance's flyer, the "Aurora," second place being awarded to Senator Lyman's "Sunbeam." The "Astoria" was given third place. The ball game in the afternoon was won by the Hilo by a score of thirteen to sixteen. The latter game was finished in a rain storm which greatly hindered the players. A full account of the day's sports was prepared for this issue but was unavoidably crowded out through lack of space.

A row between Japanese in Kaimaliu, Kona, this week resulted in one of the number being severely but not dangerously stabbed by a fellow countryman who is employed as a cook by J. D. Paris of that place. An investigation was held, but with their usual secretiveness, the Japs refused to testify. It is probable that the matter has been settled between themselves.

Mr. J. W. Mason, manager of the Capital Coffee Company of Olau, returned from a business trip to the Eastern States by the Santiago. He was accompanied by his wife and family. During his absence, Mr. Mason purchased a large amount of improved machinery for his plantation.

Bishop Willis is expected to arrive by the next Kinau, and arrangements have been made for him to hold Episcopal services in the Portuguese church on the evening of Sunday, October 4th. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

The Lehua brought fifty bags of coffee from Honolulu for shipment to San Francisco per Santiago.

[Hilo Tribune.]

British Commissioner Hawes, who has been staying for some weeks in Kona and lately at the volcano, came down from the abode of Madame Pele on Monday afternoon, September 21st, and remained until Wednesday morning, a guest of Mr. C. C. Kennedy, of Waialea. Mr. Hawes, in company with his host, spent Tuesday morning in a drive around the city, and in a visit to the road work now in progress at Papakou. A short time was also spent at the plantation mill where the wire cable specially interested our visitor. Later in the day Mr. Kennedy took Mr. Hawes around Cocoanut Island and in his steam launch. In the evening the Commissioner was the guest of Mr. C. E. Richardson at the Foreign Church social held at that gentleman's residence. Her Majesty's representative left for Kohala by the Kinau on Wednesday morning and will remain there for some days as the guest of Mr. Robert Wallace. In the early part of October he will return to Kona where some time will be spent prior to returning to Honolulu. It is understood that Mr. Hawes will visit Hilo next year, when he expects to make a lengthy stay.

THE GAINSBOROUGH.

Donkey Engine Pumping Out the Water—List to Starboard.

A donkey engine was taken out to the Gainsborough Saturday morning and after hard work until Sunday afternoon was put aboard and made ready for work.

The sea was running so high that much difficulty was encountered in getting the engine into a small boat and afterwards on the wreck. In trans-

LAND AND SEA MAY LIE BETWEEN YOU AND

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No matter where you live, we can deliver to you cheaper than you can buy anywhere else in the world. Clothing, Shoes, Dry Goods, Watches, Jewelry, Sewing Machines, Parfums, Saddles, Hardware, Tools, Guns, Ammunition, Bicycles, Agricultural implements, Vehicles of all kinds, Furniture, Books on every subject.

To introduce to you our immense facilities we will send free of charge to you or any other foreign resident our "Buyers' Guide," a 24 page book, 700 pages, 13,000 illustrations, 40,000 descriptions— invaluable in ordering—and our "Hand Book for Foreign Buyers," which gives all information necessary to put you in touch with our methods. Send us your address and we'll do the rest.

Montgomery Ward & Co., 111 to 118 Michigan Ave. Chicago, U.S.A.

shipment of the rope broke and but for the quick action of the captain of the schooner it would have been lost.

From the Steamboat Head looking station of the Ward and Calway are an enormous crowd of the plainly seen resting on the benches into position after it was placed on deck, and at 4:30 p. m. yesterday it began pumping.

The work is hard and fast on the beach with a heavy list to starboard, and the seas breaking over her. The starboard tank is completely submerged but the hatches are battened down to prevent any water getting in from the deck. If the donkey can pump the water out fast enough to allow patching the hole in her bow there is no doubt the vessel will be floated. One of the stern lines parted on Saturday but was spliced during the day. At present but one line is used on the vessel, but the other will be put out again this morning.

The Matter Settled.

Marshal Brown made an official call on Senhor A. de S. Canavario, Charge d' Affaires for Portugal, yesterday, and tendered an apology for his arrest the other night for riding a bike without the prescribed light. The Marshal expressed deep regret over the matter, and assured Mr. Canavario that the arrest was wholly uncalculated for in this instance, and added that the patrolman had been suspended for his action.

Mr. Canavario accepted the apology and acted in the most friendly manner, and informed the Marshal that any proceedings on his part would be dropped.

A CURE FOR BILIOUS COLIC.

RESOURCE, Scriven Co., Ga.—I have been subject to attacks of bilious colic for several years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the only sure relief. It acts like a charm. One dose of it gives relief when all other remedies fail.—G. D. Sharp. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

A Model Saint

Must be perfection itself. We know that our Model St. Clair wood stoves are perfect. They have every convenience, including spacious oven, and in addition a commodious hot water tank situated at the back of the stove. A six-hole cooking surface is sufficient to do the cooking of a regiment and these stoves are built that way. They look, and are solid and substantial, are tastefully ornamented and sell for \$50.00. Add a "Saint" to your household. You can stand it. How would you like to buy your wife

A Golden Anvil?

She could use it perhaps to make those golden shoes and slippers of hers which she will wear in the "Sweet Bye and Bye." She can use one of our steel, wood and coal

"GOLDEN ANVIL" RANGES NOW.

YOUR CHOICE, \$50 and \$65.

Buy a lantern for yourself, you may need it. Our lanterns have a glass fount, and side lift and sell for \$1.00. Diogenes writes us, "I never used a better." He found the honest man he was looking for in our store.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

ROBERT CATTON. ENGINEER.

Importer of Sugar Machinery

Steam Ploughs, Rails and Rolling Stock, Cast and Wrought Iron Piping, Coffee and Rice Machinery.

Disintegrators, "Victoria" Cream Separators.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE - - - Queen Street, Honolulu.

SLEEP & REST

For Skin Tortured

BABIES And Tired MOTHERS

In One Application of

Cuticura

A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA ointment, the great skin cure, followed by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most distressing of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly and crusted skin and scalp diseases, when all other methods fail.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. N. MORTIMER & SONS, 1, King Edward-st., London. PORTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Sole Proprietors, Honolulu, U. S. A.



Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

HOLLISTER & CO.

CORNER FORT AND MERCHANT STREETS.

Import direct from the principal factories of the World.

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HATFIELD, Vice President. E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND—PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER, SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

Island Visitors

TO HONOLULU!

SAVE YOUR TRAVELING EXPENSES BY PURCHASING YOUR

Dry Goods

AT L. B. KERR'S

If you are not coming to Honolulu send for patterns and quotations. Your orders will be attended to quite as well as if you selected the articles yourself!

JUST RECEIVED: A complete assortment of French Muslins, French Châlis, Black Alpaca, Black and Colored Cashmeres, Serges, Ribbons,

Laces, Flowers, Linen Handkerchiefs, Table Napkins, Linen Damasks—bleached and unbleached, Bedspreads, Blankets and Sheetings.

Also a fine range of Men's Suits and Trousers.

A Single Yard or Article at Wholesale Prices

L. B. KERR, Queen Street, Honolulu.

DUQUAY TROUIN.

French Frigate With Captain Bayle in Command Arrives in Port

Commissioned to Salute the Flag of the Republic - Granted to See How Matters Had Been Conducted

The French iron frigate Duquay Trouin, Bayle commander, arrived early yesterday morning from Tahiti, which place she left on September 9th. Four days after that date she arrived in the Marquesas Islands, remaining but a short time before departure for this port. She will remain here about four or five days, or long enough to take on coal, when she will sail for San Francisco.

The Duquay Trouin registers 3,800 tons, carries 16 large guns and has a crew of 335 men. She was here several months ago on her way south.

Following are her officers: Captain Bayle, commander; Daniel, Second Officer; Huguet, First Lieutenant; M. Honille, Engineer; M. Gouzer, Surgeon; Lieutenants Jochaud, Duplessis de-la-Croix de Castries, Fittie, Guyot, Asnières de Salins Broc; Ensigns Dubois and Porcher, Midshipmen Gignou, Dizalson, Palle, Semichon, Jourdan de la Passazuerre, Duysond, Duckers and Chiray de Brossa.

Between 2 and 3 o'clock Captain Bayle and Lieutenant Huguet, in company with Mons. Vizzavona, called on Colonel McLean.

The City of Peking will take away 115 Japanese and 69 Chinese today.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

| DAY | BAROM. | WIND. | TEMP. | REL. HUM. | WIND. | TEMP. | REL. HUM. |
|---------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-----------|
| SEP. 29 | 30.02 | SE | 74 | 87 | 30.02 | 74 | 87 |
| SUN. 30 | 30.06 | SE | 74 | 84 | 30.06 | 74 | 84 |
| MON. 31 | 30.10 | SE | 72 | 84 | 30.10 | 72 | 84 |
| TUES. 1 | 30.05 | SE | 72 | 85 | 30.05 | 72 | 85 |
| WED. 2 | 30.05 | SE | 73 | 87 | 30.05 | 73 | 87 |
| THU. 3 | 30.07 | SE | 74 | 87 | 30.07 | 74 | 87 |
| FRI. 4 | 30.07 | SE | 75 | 85 | 30.07 | 75 | 85 |

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

| DAY | High Tide | Low Tide | Sun Rises | Sun Sets | Moon Rises | Moon Sets |
|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| SEP. 29 | 11:15 a.m. | 5:15 p.m. | 5:50 | 5:50 | 10:30 | 10:30 |
| SEP. 30 | 11:25 a.m. | 5:25 p.m. | 5:50 | 5:50 | 10:31 | 10:31 |
| OCT. 1 | 11:35 a.m. | 5:35 p.m. | 5:50 | 5:50 | 10:32 | 10:32 |
| OCT. 2 | 11:45 a.m. | 5:45 p.m. | 5:50 | 5:50 | 10:33 | 10:33 |
| OCT. 3 | 11:55 a.m. | 5:55 p.m. | 5:50 | 5:50 | 10:34 | 10:34 |
| OCT. 4 | 12:05 p.m. | 6:05 p.m. | 5:50 | 5:50 | 10:35 | 10:35 |

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco on the following dates, till the close of 1896:

| Ship | Leave | Arrive |
|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| Doric | Oct. 7 Australia | Oct. 3 |
| Warrimoo | Oct. 16 Peru | Oct. 12 |
| Mariposa | Oct. 22 Monowai | Oct. 15 |
| Belgie | Oct. 24 Coptic | Oct. 15 |
| Australia | Oct. 26 Australia | Oct. 28 |
| Peru | Nov. 2 Mowera | Oct. 28 |
| Australia | Nov. 16 Gaelic | Nov. 6 |
| Mowera | Nov. 16 Alameda | Nov. 12 |
| Monowai | Nov. 19 Peking | Nov. 16 |
| Rio Janeiro | Nov. 19 Australia | Nov. 21 |
| Gaelic | Nov. 28 Warrimoo | Nov. 24 |
| Australia | Dec. 11 China | Dec. 2 |
| Doric | Dec. 16 Mariposa | Dec. 10 |
| Warrimoo | Dec. 16 Igic | Dec. 11 |
| Alameda | Dec. 17 Australia | Dec. 16 |
| China | Dec. 24 Coptic | Dec. 23 |
| Mowera | Dec. 24 | Dec. 24 |

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

| Ship | From | Arrival |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| U. S. S. Adams | Watson, from Lahaina | Friday, Sept. 25 |
| Stmr Waialeale | Peterson, from Kauai ports | Saturday, Sept. 26 |
| Stmr Mokuhi | Hilo from Lahaina, Molekai and Lanai | Saturday, Sept. 26 |
| Stmr J. A. Cummings | Seale, from Oahu ports | Sunday, Sept. 27 |
| Stmr Claude | Cameron, from Hawaii and Maui | Sunday, Sept. 27 |
| Stmr Mikahala | Haglund, from Kauai ports | Sunday, Sept. 27 |
| Stmr Kauai | Brown, from Kauai ports | Sunday, Sept. 27 |
| Stmr Iwaland | Seale, from Lahaina and Hamakua | Sunday, Sept. 27 |
| Stmr Hawaii | Ward, from Hawaii ports | Sunday, Sept. 27 |
| U. S. S. City of Peking | Smith, from San Francisco | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Dugway Trouin | Bayle, from Tahiti | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Waialeale | Peterson, from Kauai ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Mokuhi | Hilo from Lahaina, Molekai and Lanai | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr J. A. Cummings | Seale, from Oahu ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Claude | Cameron, from Hawaii and Maui | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Mikahala | Haglund, from Kauai ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Kauai | Brown, from Kauai ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Iwaland | Seale, from Lahaina and Hamakua | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Hawaii | Ward, from Hawaii ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| U. S. S. City of Peking | Smith, from San Francisco | Monday, Sept. 28 |

DEPARTURES.

| Ship | To | Departure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Stmr W. G. Hall | Stimson, for Maui and Hawaii ports | Friday, Sept. 25 |
| N. Y. K. Yamaguchi Maru | Allen, for Seattle, Wash. | Friday, Sept. 25 |
| Stmr Kaala | Thompson, for Kahuku and Punaluu | Saturday, Sept. 26 |
| Stmr Waialeale | Peterson, for Kauai ports | Saturday, Sept. 26 |
| Stmr J. A. Cummings | Seale, for Oahu ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Kaala | Thompson, for Oahu ports | Monday, Sept. 28 |
| Stmr Ke Au Hou | Thompson, for Punaluu and Honuapo | Monday, Sept. 28 |

PASSENGERS.

| Ship | Passengers |
|---|---|
| From Kauai ports, per stmr Waialeale, Sept. 25 | M. G. Ewart and son, Ah Hong and 34 on deck. |
| From Kauai ports, per stmr Kaala, Sept. 27 | A. St. M. Mackintosh, B. L. Marx, Geo. W. Sea and wife, H. C. Halverson, and 8 on deck. |
| From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr Claudine, Sept. 27 | W. O. Smith, Miss E. Smith, Miss Mary Green, C. R. Curtis, G. T. Grant, Geo. Harris, D. Conway, C. Von Haman, S. M. Baldwin, Geo. Hayselden, Bishop Willis, David Al and wife, Mrs. Jas. Cornwell and child, Young Hop Chan, P. Huga and servant, K. Kawasaki, R. W. Wilcox, S. K. Lane and 71 on deck. |
| From Kauai ports, per stmr Mikahala, Sept. 27 | Hon. W. H. Rice, G. Waterhouse, Wm. Eassie, Col. McLean, D. Schmidt, W. McBryde, J. McClellan, Father Matthias, H. P. Walton, Mrs. M. Anderson, Mrs. J. H. Coney and two children, Miss L. Gray, Miss M. L. Layman, Miss M. Kobbe, Tom See, wife and two children, Miss Kong See, Yee Lam, and 56 on deck. |
| From San Francisco, per P. M. S. City of Peking, Sept. 28 | Mr. Tom C. Grant, Mr. Fred Yates, Mrs. L. McCormick, J. O. Sweetser and wife, Miss D. Sweetser, Geo. B. Pettigill, Otto H. Miller, Through: Mr. W. A. Main, Baron Nissie, K. Miyagawa, Dr. D. H. Mahan, Eusign M. M. Taylor, Mr. E. J. Board, Mrs. Lucien Young, W. Araki and servant, Mr. A. Charlton, Mr. W. B. Charlton, Mrs. Orwin and family, Mr. W. J. Smith, Mrs. H. B. Hunt, Miss Emma Hunt, Wm. Milne and wife, Rev. E. O. Boen, Rev. K. S. Stokes, Rev. D. W. Nichols and family, Miss M. L. Chase, Mr. L. Ford, Mrs. Stoddard, Miss E. S. Crittenden, Rev. W. S. Faris and wife, Rev. C. H. Newton and wife, Dr. L. C. Autrand, Rev. J. C. Kelly and wife. |
| For Maui and Hawaii, per stmr W. G. Hall, Sept. 25 | W. O. Smith, Miss Smith, Mrs. Gunn, Lizzie Perkins, Dr. Weddick, Mrs. Waiata, Mrs. D. Kalawala, Miss Lucy Dudoit, Mrs. Meyers, Capt. Alborne, W. H. Cornwell, Mrs. Humphreys, Miss Emma Davison, C. D. Miller, Miss Clark, Miss Miller, J. Cunningham and 47 on deck. |

IMPORTS.

| Ship | Imports |
|---|--|
| From Seattle, Wash., per bk Matida, Sept. 21 | 730,000 feet lumber consigned to Allen and Robinson and 30 barrels of beer to Lovejoy & Co. |
| From Port Townsend, per bk Ceylon, Sept. 21 | 500,000 feet lumber consigned to Allen & Robinson. |
| From Seattle, Wash., per bkne Amelia, Sept. 23 | 22,400 lbs rough lumber, 8,500 lbs tongue and groove, 800 lbs shingles, 200 slats. |
| From Port Townsend, per bkne Kilkittat, Sept. 24 | 590,565 lbs rough lumber, 40,350 ft dressed lumber, 10,005 pickets, 50,000 shingles and 1 flag pole, consigned to Wilder & Co. |
| From the Colonies, per C. A. S. S. Warrimoo, Sept. 24 | Cargo of general merchandise consigned to Curator Bernice Pauahi Bishop Museum, R. A. Jordan, Theo. H. Davies & Co. |

EXPORTS.

| Ship | Exports |
|--|--|
| For Vancouver and Victoria, per C. A. S. S. Warrimoo, Sept. 24 | 40 kegs (400 gals) molasses, shipped by C. Brewer & Co.; 885 bchns and 88 crates bananas, by E. Burleigh, Geo. Andrews, D. McLean, Theo. H. Davies & Co.; 2 bxs and 24 cts pines, by E. Burleigh, D. McLean, E. N. Jordan, 10 bags coffee, by Theo. H. Davies & Co., and other minor articles. Total value of cargo, \$1,000.99. |

BORN.

| Child | Parents |
|------------|--|
| HARRISON | In San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 7th, 1896, to the wife of Fred Harrison, a daughter. |
| ORDENSTEIN | In this city, Sept. 23, 1896, to the wife of Barney Ordenstein, a daughter. |
| WALKER | In this city, September 27, 1896, to the wife of John Walker, a daughter. |

MARRIED.

| Couple | Location |
|--------------|--|
| RICKARD MUIR | At "Kalehuan," Hamakua, Hawaii, on the 23d of September, 1896, by the Rev. Bishop Willis of Honolulu, Miss Norah (Nelle) Rickard daughter of W. H. Rickard, Esq., to James M. Muir, book-keeper of the Honokaa Sugar Co. |

DEED.

| Property | Details |
|-----------------|---|
| RIEMENSCHNEIDER | In Hamburg, Germany, May 1896, to Remin Schneider, a son. |
| SAWAHI | In Honolulu, Sept. 14, 1896, Joseph N. Sawa, a native of Hawaii, died. |
| OPPINGES | In this city, Sept. 25, 1896, to the wife of W. A. Opinges, a daughter. |

GOOD WORK.

Captain Hookano's Efforts at Complete Census in Bad District. The census district bounded by N. mau, Beretania Nuanau stream and the water front is perhaps the worst that can be found in the city. Captain Hookano and ten of his men, two of Detective Kaapa's men, two Japanese interpreters and Benjamin Zablaw, the clerk in the Deputy Marshal's office, they have been at work ever since Saturday and will probably be finished by this afternoon. Up to 10 o'clock last night 2,874 names had been counted by Mr. Doyle and his assistants.

Desirable Stocks

Mining, Agricultural and Oil Stocks. Stocks and Bonds Negotiated. Agents - OLINDA RANCH CO., BAILEY OIL COMPANY. Correspondence invited.

W. H. BAILEY & SON.

415 1/2 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal. REFERENCES: - San Francisco: G. R. Bishop, Sells Smelting Works; Honolulu: W. O. Smith, F. W. Robinson.

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

- 1896 -

S. S. Kinau,

CLARKE, Commander. Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maalea Bay and Makena the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

| Day | Leave Honolulu |
|---------|----------------|
| Tuesday | Sept. 29 |
| Friday | Oct. 2 |
| Tuesday | Oct. 6 |
| Friday | Oct. 10 |
| Tuesday | Oct. 14 |
| Friday | Oct. 18 |
| Tuesday | Oct. 22 |

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on trips marked *.

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Lapauhoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae same day; Makena, Maalea Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoon of Tuesdays and Fridays.

| Day | Arrive Honolulu |
|---------|-----------------|
| Tuesday | Oct. 6 |
| Friday | Oct. 10 |
| Tuesday | Oct. 14 |
| Friday | Oct. 18 |
| Tuesday | Oct. 22 |
| Friday | Oct. 26 |
| Tuesday | Oct. 30 |
| Friday | Nov. 3 |
| Tuesday | Nov. 7 |
| Friday | Nov. 11 |
| Tuesday | Nov. 15 |
| Friday | Nov. 19 |
| Tuesday | Nov. 23 |
| Friday | Nov. 27 |
| Tuesday | Dec. 1 |
| Friday | Dec. 5 |
| Tuesday | Dec. 9 |

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance. Round-trip Tickets, covering all expenses, \$50.

S. S. Claudine,

CAMERON, Commander. Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hanalei, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month. No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consigne a must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk. This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President. S. B. ROSE, Secretary. Capt. J. A. King, Port Superintendent. Honolulu, H. I., Jan. 1, 1896.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S Boston Line of Packets

The bark "AMY TURNER," W. C. Warland, Master, will sail from New York for this port on or about October 1st, 1896. For particulars call or address Chas. Brewer & Co., 27 Kilby Street, Boston, or Agents, Honolulu.

BY AUTHORITY.

FOREIGN OFFICE NOTICE.

Official notice having been given that during the temporary absence of Mr. H. Renjes, Vice Consul for Spain, Mr. F. A. Schaefer will discharge the functions of that office, as Acting Vice Consul for Spain, all persons are hereby required to give full faith and credit to all the official acts of the said Mr. F. A. Schaefer.

Official notice having been given that during the temporary absence of Mr. H. Renjes, Consul for the United States of Mexico, Mr. F. A. Schaefer will discharge the functions of that office, as Acting Consul for Mexico, all persons are hereby required to give full faith and credit to all the official acts of the said Mr. F. A. Schaefer.

HENRY E. COOPER, Minister of Foreign Affairs. Foreign Office, September 25, 1896. 1798-1t

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at the Office of the Minister of the Interior till 12 o'clock noon of MONDAY, October 19th, 1896, for furnishing lumber and nails for the Jail Fence at Hilo.

Specifications at the Office of the Superintendent of Public Works, and also at the Office of the Sheriff of Hawaii.

The Minister does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Sept. 24, 1896. 1798-3t

In accordance with Section 1 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day set apart an enclosure for the impounding of estrays at Kalepolepo, in the District of Makawao, Island of Maui, on a lot situated on the Northwest corner of the Pasture Land known as "Kupuhau," on the west side of the Government Road leading to Makena.

In accordance with Section 2 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day appointed Samuel Kula, Poundmaster for the above Government Pound.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Sept. 21, 1896. 1797-3t

BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES.

Honolulu, H. I., Sept. 21, 1896. Notice is hereby given that all deeds, bills of sale, etc., presented for record must conform to Sec. 7 of the "Act relating to Stamp Duties" which reads as follows:

"All consideration money shall be set out in words at length in all instruments, and all other considerations affecting the liability of an instrument to duty shall be set out fully."

Instruments presented for record failing to comply with this section will be refused under authority of Sec. 9 of the same Act, which states that:

"No instrument requiring to be stamped shall be recorded by the Registrar of Conveyances, or be of any validity in any Court of this Kingdom, unless the same be properly stamped."

THOS. G. THRUM, Registrar of Conveyances.

Approved: J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. 1796-3t

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

SALE OF VALUABLE LEASE AT AUCTION.

On Saturday, October 17th next, at 12 o'clock noon, at front entrance of Judiciary Building, will be sold at Public Auction, the Lease of the Government Fishponds of Kaihikapu and Telepauna, in Moanalua, Oahu, containing 742 acres.

Term, Fifteen years. Upset Rental Eight Hundred Dollars per annum, payable Quarterly in advance.

Notes of survey and plan of the above Fishponds may be seen at the Public Lands Office, Judiciary Building, Honolulu. J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. Public Lands Office, Honolulu, Sept. 21st, 1896. 1796-1d

JAPANESE POSTAGE STAMPS. Every one who sends me 100 good stamps of his land will receive 100 stamps in 10 varieties from Japan. K. TODA Banzo Mitsunobu, Japan. 1795-3d

The Daily Advertiser, 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Juliette M. Cooke, late of Honolulu, deceased. The last will and testament of said deceased, having been presented to said Court, together with a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Charles M. Cooke, having been filed, notice is hereby given that FRIDAY, the 16th day of October, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. Honolulu, Sept. 14, 1896. By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk. 1794T-3ta

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

Julius C. Strow vs. Mary Jane Strow. The Republic of Hawaii to the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, greeting: You are commanded to summon Mary Jane Strow, defendant, in case she shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August term thereof, to be holden at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 3d day of August next, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Julius C. Strow, plaintiff, should not be awarded to him pursuant to the tenor of annexed petition. And have you then and there this writ, with full return of your proceedings thereon. Witness: HON. A. W. CARTER, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 26th day of May, 1896. [Sig.] P. D. KELLET, JR., Clerk. I certify that the foregoing to be a true copy of the original summons in said cause, and the said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until next November term of this Court. J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk. Honolulu, August 31, 1896. 1790T-6ta

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage, made by Monika Konohiki (w) and P. Konohiki (k) to James K. Kekaula, dated December 5th, 1891, recorded in Liber 1, page 1891, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for conditions broken, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at Public Auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on MONDAY, the 26th day of October, 1896, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of William C. Achil. Dated Honolulu, Sept. 28, 1896. JNO. K. KEKAULA and WAIHU KEKAULA, Executor and executrix of the estate of James K. Kekaula, deceased mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: All those premises situated in Kau, Island of Hawaii, and more particularly described in Royal Patent 3325 on L. C. A. 9559 to Molina, 3 1/2 acres. 2nd, All those premises described in Royal Patent 6906 on L. C. A. 8754 to Pahupu, 3 47-100 acres. 1798-3w

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by L. and D. Keaweamahi to Yim Quon duly assigned to W. R. Castle, Trustee, dated May 23, 1893, assignment 22 April, 1896, recorded in Liber 139, page 398, notice is hereby given that the assignee of mortgage intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of interest.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Monday, the 19th day of October, 1896, at 12 noon of said day. Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, Sept. 22, 1896. W. R. CASTLE, Trustee. Mortgagee. 1796-4w

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: Fine premises on the S. E. side of Emma street, in Honolulu, above the lane to Punchbowl street containing several good houses, bringing a good rental, and covered by two deeds, to-wit: 1st, Hana Hellel to D. Keaweamahi, recorded in Liber 53, page 133; 2d, Mallon to Lilia Keaweamahi, recorded in Liber 52, page 488. 1796-4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, ancillary administrator with the will annexed upon the estate in the Republic of Hawaii of James W. Austin, late of Boston, Massachusetts, deceased testate, hereby gives notice to all the creditors of the said decedent to present their claims duly authenticated and with proper vouchers, if any exist, to the undersigned personally at the offices of Alfred S. Hartwell, over the bank of Bishop & Co., in Honolulu, within six months from the day of the publication of this notice, and that all claims not so presented will be forever barred. Dated Honolulu, H. I., September 2 A. D. 1896. SAMUEL M. DAMON. 1792T-4ta

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